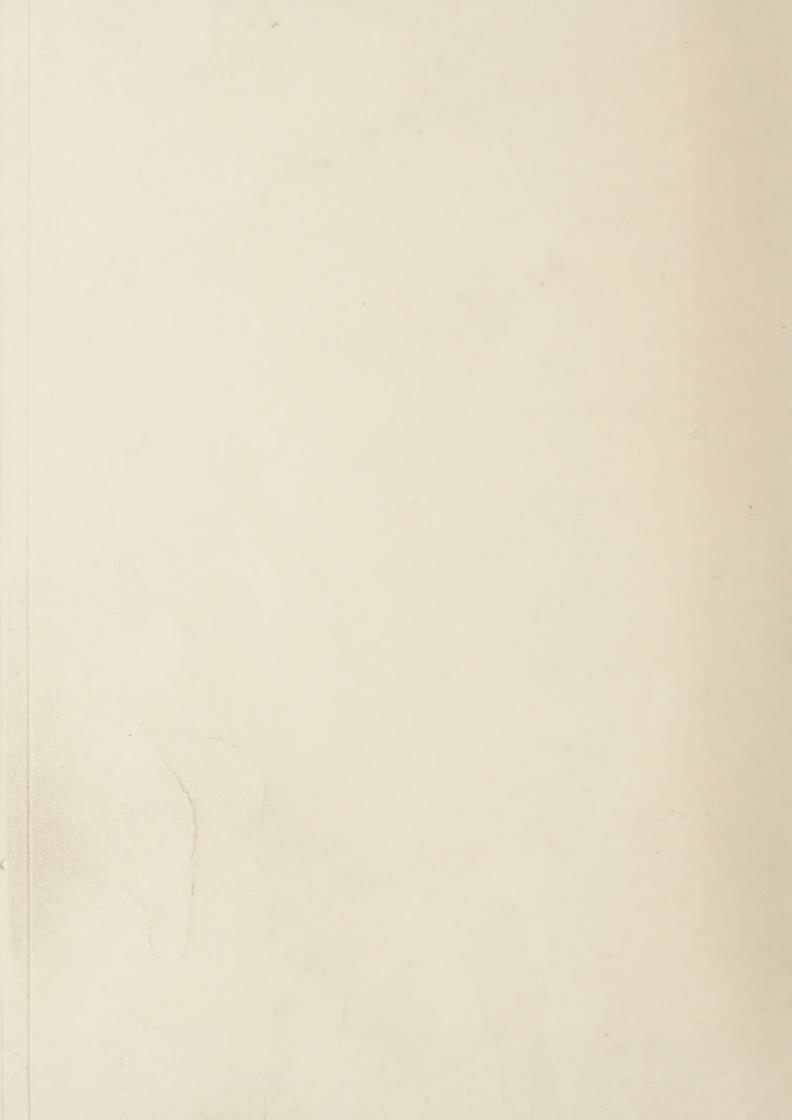
# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



FED 28 1949 A

S. Department of Agriculture

# ORCHID CACTUS "Gloria"

 1949

TREASURE TROVE

from

# CACTUS

PRICE 25 CENTS



This handbook of cactus lore describes part of the largest available collection in the world. In our collection are most of the known genera, with many rare and new species, some yet to be described. It is the result of 40 years of study, collecting and exploration. New plants are continually being received and propagated, to be offered in the future. Since the basic purpose of the collection is scientific and also to further the interest in these extraordinary plants we ask the above 25 cents (which is only a part of the cost), to help pay for future editions. Publishing costs are now terrific.

# JOHNSON CACTUS GARDENS

# Nurseries at Paramount, California



#### SPLIT ROCK



## LITHOPS BELLA

An African 'window' plant and also a true mimicry plant. The Stone Faces imitate the pebbles among which they grow, both in shape and coloration. Some are white, others red, green or brown. They bear their bright blossoms in Autumn. Plant them in a sunny window in sandy soil, Each.



#### NOTOCACTUS PAMPEANUS

A quite easily grown and flowered cactus, seldom exceeding a small orange in size. It comes from South America. The bright blossoms appear in the Spring after the Winter rest. Thrives in a well lighted window, liking a sandy loam with moderate waterings. Large 2-2½ inch, \$1.50.



#### ROSE PLAID CACTUS

This is a very dainty small cactus, quite brightly banded in copper green and cream. The blossoms are quite large in proportion, very freely borne throughout the Summer even on small plants. Gymnocalycium Friederickii's blossoms are in various shades of pins. A light position, moderate waterings. 3 years old, 75c, 50c and... 35c



#### SECTION OF DISPLAY GARDEN

Our friends are invited to visit our gardens when touring in Cali-We are situated near Long Beach at the town of Paramount (nee Hynes) about 20 miles southeast of Los Angeles, 16613 Garfield Ave. (telephone Metcalf 3-1515 if you get lost!). Visiting hours 8 to 5 p.m. We can not always go around with you as a nurseryman is like a farmer or housewife whose work is never done and there are always a myriad tasks which must be at-

tended to on time. You are always welcome to browse.

#### 1876 - 1949

We have been nurserymen for three generations, starting in Bordentown, N. J., moving to Hollywood in 1894 when it was yet a village of orange and lemon groves. My own experiences have included work with the Park system of Los Angeles (conservatories, wild gardens, etc.), student of botany and landscape architecture at Massachusetts State University, teaching horticulture in the schools of Los Angeles, assistant in Plant Introduction in the Office of Foreign Seed and Plant Introduction, Washington, D. C., exploring in Central America, coffee planting in Guatemala and general plant collecting in the tropics. My wife has always been an active partner of our firm and our sons have now joined us and we all hope to continue deserving your friendship and patronage.

#### HIGHEST QUALITY

We strive to give you the best plants that can be grown and our thousands of satisfied customers who have patronized us through the years attest not perfection but a willingness to do our best and to learn and improve.

## CACTUS HUNTING IN SOUTH AMERICA

As a plantsman South America has long attracted me and when in January, 1948, my plane reservations to Lima, Peru, were in my hands, a boyhood dream came true. In two short days the lights of Lima were twinkling through the velvety darkness and the plane circled into a landing. There I was met by a fellow cactus fan, John Akers, who for the past three years had been collecting there. Before me were three months of constant travel and exploration. I journeyed from Plura in the north to Arequipa in the south and across the Andes four times to the western affluents of the Amazon, the rivers Apurimac, Urubamba, Huallaga and Maranon, finding new cacti everywhere. Near Lima grew the handsome white Pseudoespostoa, lovely Peruvocereus, many new Milas and Loxanthocereus, Melocactus, Armatocereus, Haageocereus, Opuntia and Matucana. South at Arequipa grew Browningia, Trichocereus, Arequipa, Haageocereus, Cobivia and Erdisia. Ascending to the cold dark waters of Lake Titicaca I found Lobivias, and near the ancient city of Cuzco, Trichocereus, Lobivia and Erdisia. At the Inca city of Macchu Picchu grew glorious Orchids, Begonias and Fuchsias. Along the Apurimac we found Trichocereus, Erdisia and a handsome new cereus. Back at Lima we crossed to Huancayo through a 15,800-foot pass to find Oroya, Opuntia floccosa, Erdisia, Trichocereus, Morawetzia, Cleistocactus and Mr. Akers' new genus, Azurecereus. We crossed again over the 15,000-foot Pampa de Junin to Cerro de Pasco, dropping down the Huallaga to Huanuco, where we found a new Trichocereus, Erdisia and Espostoa. At Tinga Maria a Rhipsalis, Cereus and Epiphyllum, not to mention glorious Palms, tree ferns and the myriad beauties of the dark jungle depths. From Lima we flew north to Chiclayo, where we found three Armatocereus and a glorious new Espostoa growing to 15 feet tall. Here also on the dry hillsides a lovely pink Bougainvillea.

Next we flew to Ecuador, to Quito, almost on the equator, encircled by 22,000-foot snow capout to constant travel and capture and cereth.

Next we flew to Ecuador, to Quito, almost on the equator, encircled by 22,000-foot snow capped peaks. We drove north to Colombia and south to Ambato, finding Borzicactus and Opuatia and several tall Echeverias. We were entranced by the snowy cone of lofty Chimborazo. Then down to the Rio Pastaza, where below Banos I found many old greenhouse favorites growing in the hot, humid jungle, Eucharis, Marantas, Fittonia, Dieffenbachia, Philodendron, Peperomia, etc. Also the savage Jivaro Indians with their blowpipes and shrunken human heads. Then down the western Andes to Santo Domingo and the curious Colorado Indians and glorious Orchid filled jungles with thousands of pink or white Sobralias, Epidendrums and the lovely Cypripedium caudatum.

With thousands of pink of white Sobrahas, Epidendrums and the lovely Cypripedrum caudatum.

Flying over the jungle to Cali in Colombia, where we found Rhipsalis, Piptanthocereus, Acanthocereus and Hylocereus, and then to Bogota, where only Echeverias grew. But down on the Magdalena I found a lovely Melocactus, two Acanthocereus, Piptanthocereus and Hylocereus. We were in Bogota when Secretary Marshall arrived, but Medellin, we found two Acanthocereus, Opuntias and Hylocereus. Then to Panama, which we crossed, visiting the botanic gardens, seeing few cacti. In Nicaragua we flew around a volcano in full eruption, an awesome spectacle. Arriving in Guatemala City we crossed to Coban, where I once was administrador of coffee fincas. In the desert mountains near Salama I found Melocactus Maxonii, Cephalocereus Maxonii, two curious Acanthocereus, two Lemairecocreus, and higher two Hylocereus and Epiphyllum. Also a lovely Agave, Plumeria, and succulent pink flowered Tradescantia. Back at Guatemala City we flew over the magnificent jungles of El Peten to Merida, in Mexico, to see the Maya ruins of Chichen Itza and Ixmul. There we found Selenicereus Donkelaari growing at the sacred cenote, clinging to the very platform from which the virgins were clinging to the very platform from which the virgins were tossed to their death in the cool green waters. Also we found Cephalocereus, Lemaireocereus, Acanthocereus and Consolea. Then Mexico City and home.

Almost all of these Cacti are now growing in my green-

Almost all of these Cacti are now growing in my green-houses and will be available to collectors.

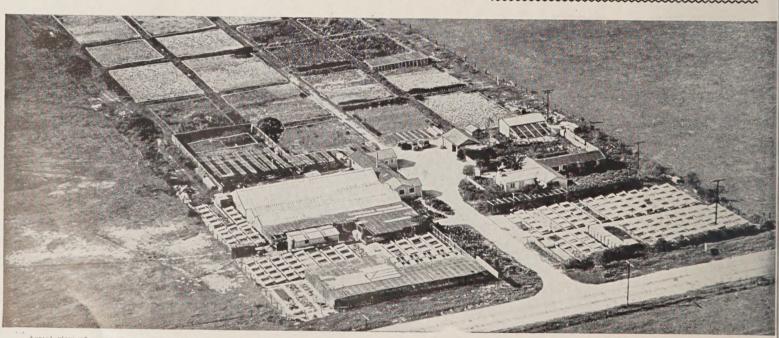


The past year we have much im-proved our facilities and now well over a million plants are growing in our frames and greenhouses and many new plants have been added to our collection which we hope to distribute

Sincerely, HARRY JOHNSON

#### OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee to send you healthy plants, true to name. Our packing is efficient and plants should reach you in fresh planting condition. If for any reason plants are damaged in transit and we are notified within 5 days of receipt we will issue a credit card and make replacement with your next order. Since any plant can be lost through improper cultural methods, we cannot assume responsibility for losses after this period



Aerial view of our ten acres of specialized nurseries. In the foreground are lathhouses, glass covered frames and greenhouses, the physical equipment necessary to produce the large quantities of cacti we are sending to the four corners of the world. In the background are the acres of concrete pools in which are grown our other great specialty, plants for your water garden. Here we have one of the largest collections of aquatics in the country. Pools filled with glorious Tropical Water Lilies, with huge sparkling red, white and blue blossoms, the strong plants of which are shipped in the Spring to home gardens throughout the United States and Canada. Until you have tried our Tropical and Hardy Water Lilies you have not known how gloriously beautiful and successful a garden pool can be. Write for Johnson's Water Lily catalog.

# Stone Faces

THE STONE FACES or Lithops and their kin are among the most interesting and attractive plants I know. A fine collection of them can be grown on a window ledge, as they take up but little room and many can be grown in a single pot. They are found in South Africa in desert areas, where they grow snuggled down in the soil with just their tops visible. They simulate the stones or soil in which they grow so that they are almost impossible to find except when they burst forth in bloom with the coming of the rains. With age they form clusters, but mostly they are small top-shaped plantlets from ½-inch to 1-inch in diameter, variously colored and variegated on their exposed tops, which are really a pair of connate, turgid leaves. Many have "windows' are of a different color than the rest of the plant and form lovely patterns, distinct in each species. Some are brick red, others dove grey, rosy white, grey green, rosy brown, speckled, marbled and lined in intricate ways. Their flowers are like daisies, either sparkling white or yellow, and appear in early September and October or in Spring. October or in Spring.

CULTURE. They are quite easily grown, in fact, they often flower the first year. Plant them in almost pure sand and place them in a sunny, airy window, watering only when the sand is dry to a depth of one-half inch. Even then, never saturate them. Water lightly so they will dry out in a few days. When growth is completed in May and June keep quite dry until mid-August. Then water lightly until the buds show. During the cold, dreary days of Winter water only when necessary. Remember they are desert plants and are impatient of wetness, very impatient.

#### GENERAL LIST OF LITHOPS

Lithops alpina. Grows to an inch in diameter with large yellow blosoms. Plant tan-colored with an intricate speckled and lined brown pattern. Blossoms in Summer rather early. From the mountains of South West Africa. Nice...50c

**Lithops Aucampiae.** The Red Lithops. A very handsome species, brick red in color. Flowers large, clear yellow, in September. Varies considerably in the amount of window pattern. The surface is often rough with incised dark

Lithops Comptonii. A dove grey species with large, dark window. Flowers yellow. Each...35c

Lithops Framesii. A lovely much marbled species with charming white blossoms in October. Plant body dove grey with darker windows



#### LITHOPS HERREI



#### LITHOPS LERICHEANA

Lithops Fulleri. See illustration below.

Lithops fulviceps. Pink-tan speckled with tiny olive grey windows. Flowers yellow borne in September

Lithops karasmontanum. A fine vigorous species with fawn colored bodies and large brown windows

Lithops kunjacensis. Plant reddish yellow lined dark brown .....

Lithops Leslei. Plant brown red with large 

Lithops Marthae. Blue grey plant, body, windows slightly darker. A fine plant. Flowers yellow. Nice ......30c

**Lithops Mundtii.** A form of L. pseudotruncatella supposedly larger. Varies considerably in window pattern from plant to plant. Quite choice. Each



#### LITHOPS MICKBERGENSIS

#### STONE FACE DISH GARDENS

These interesting and handsome plants will grow well and make highly attractive miniature gardens if planted together in 4-inch or 6-inch pots. Place some small stones, onyx or quartz, among them, and you will see that they are true mimicry plants. They will fool your friends.

COLLECTION RI

\$1.50 Contrasting Stone Faces

COLLECTION R2

12 Unusual Stone Faces \$2.50 

Lithops pseudotruncatella. A large species with big yellow blossoms in late Spring. Variable window pattern in tan and brown.......35c A large species

Lithops Schwantesii. Rosy white tinged brown with red-brown pattern. Flowers white in Oct ber . .30c

Lithops terricolor. Similar to L. Peersii. Dark grey, many spotted. Flowers yellow............40c

**Lithops umdausensis.** Dove grey with darker windows and large white flowers.....**35c** 

**Lithops Ursulae.** A handsome rosy tan with rust brown incised lines forming a bright design. Flowers large, white in September.......35c



#### LITHOPS TURBINIFORMIS

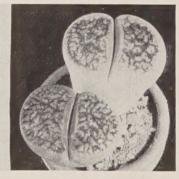


#### LITHOPS OLIVACEA



#### LITHOPS FULLERI

One of the loveliest species, body creamy white, often flushed with rose, with handsome darker brown windows in a scalloped design around the margin. Flowers large white, borne in October and November. Like all Lithops, it likes a long Summer rest, Each.



#### LITHOPS AUCAMPIAE

The Red Lithops is a great favorite. The plant body attains large size, is brick red with a very intricate window pattern which is quite variable from plant to plant. Blossoms large yellow, borne in September.



PROF. EBERT

A very lovely free blooming variety with flowers of bright violet-carmine. A good sturdy growing plant with triangular bright green stems and quite sure to flower. Makes an attractive, upright plant, bearing its blossoms boldly. Petals overlapping, flower 90c of fine form. Each.

## ORCHID CACTI WHITE VARIETIES

ORIOLE. A very lovely variety with contrasting yellow and white petals. The inner series pure white, slightly shirred, the outer petals rich yellow shading to coppery brown. Flowers large, freely borne, plant strong and healthy.

MAGNOLIA. Flowers to 8 inches, cup shaped, pure white, with broad petals. A handsome sturdy plant. Each ......85c

**Strictum.** A white flowered species with narrow petals and long tube. Very pretty. Ea...50c

Wrayi. Inner petals white, outer petals bright llow. Very pretty. Good grower. Each......85c



#### **EMPRESS**

The loveliest long-keeping pink blossoms imaginable. No spines. Beautiful in corsages. An old favorite in window gardens, where it thrives, producing a fine display of the daintiest pearl-pink blossoms. Flowers last for weeks. Likes a light sandy loam with leafmold and sand. Partial shade with 75c moderate to generous waterings. Each.

# ORCHID CACT



ORCHID CACTI bear the showiest blossoms of all cacti. The flowers are very large, from 4 to 10 inches in diameter, and in the brightest pinks, reds, violets, whites and bicolors imaginable. They bear no spines, as they are not desert plants, but generally are found wild growing on trees or rocks along with Orchids and Bromeliads. At left is a drawing of how they look. The wild plants have been vastly improved both in color and size, for they were originally white and many bloomed only at night. The flowers now last several days and even Orchids pale beside their glorious coloring. The delicate petals are like satin, the colors fresh and brilliant.

They vary considerably in shape, some starry with cupped center petals, others bowl shaped, while some are massive with ruffled, overlapping petals, the center a cascade of snowy, thread-like stamens. With proper care they are astoundingly free in bloom and quite at home in the window garden. They were the joy of many an old-fashioned "bow window," and with what pride the neighbore were called in to see them in their Spring garlands of

#### PINK AND ROSE

AGATHA. A very handsome flower. See

ARGUS. A beautiful cup-shaped flower of delicate shell pink with red throat. A strong, vigorous plant, free blooming, making a good specimen. Blooming period long and late.



#### **AGATHA**

**LATONA.** A large loosely petalled flower of a fine orchid pink. Outer petals are a deep rosy red, the inner petals suffused with lilac. A very lovely and distinct variety. Good grower.

LOHENGRIN. Deep orchid pink blossoms with rose center. The flowers are very large, with wide petals. This charming variety is of good sturdy growth. Each.....

MARTHA SALLNER. Deep carmine pink blossoms having an irridescent pink sheen. The large waxy flowers are quite handsome.

#### PADRE



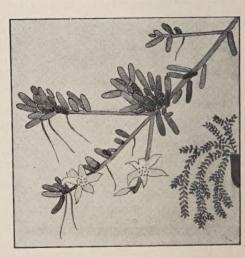
#### CHRISTMAS CACTUS

Crabs Claw Cactus (Zygocactus truncatus)

The beautiful Fuchsia-like blossoms are seen from December till March, when other flowers are scarcest. Easy to grow in light sandy soil with leafmold. Water moderately, but do not allow them to get too dry. They are native to the cool, moist Organ Mountains of southern Brazil, where they grow up in the tree with Orehids and Popcorn Cacti. Nice plants, 50c 3½-5 inches, 75c; 2-year-old, 2½- inches. Each... 50c

#### PLEASE NOTE

The Orchid Cactus plants we offer are well rooted tip or center cuttings, generally with 1 to 3 new leaves starting from the basal areoles. They average 5 to 8 inches long, depending upon variety, etc.



#### MISTLETOE CACTUS

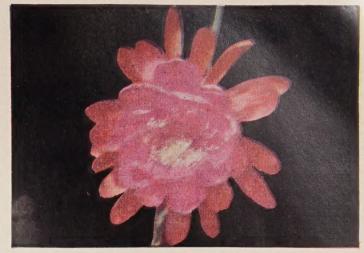
# or Epíphyllums

#### **CULTURE OF ORCHID CACTI**

In general, they should be treated very much as one would ferns or begonias or even geraniums. This is understandable when one remembers they are NOT desert plants but native to the warm upland forests of Mexico and Central America. They enjoy a quite sandy but rich soil from which surplus water quickly drains away. They like plenty of water during the growing season from March to September, never allowing them to become dry. Feeding with Cactus Food greatly stimulates growth and flowering. If possible they like being put out under a tree in Summer, where they will make lusty, well matured growth sure to bloom, after the Winter's rest, in April, May and June.

A soil of gritty sand, leafmold and light, rich loam in about equal proportions suits them nicely. Do not overpot them. An average plant as shipped should not have a larger pot than 4 inches until well established. Plants always root quicker in small pots where the roots have better access to the air. Winter them in a cool place above 45 degrees.

Orchid Cacti will produce their flowers next Spring on the growth they make this Summer. Thus to get an abundance of flowers one should encourage healthy growth produced with plenty of light and fresh air during the Summer, then by resting from November till March (i.e., keeping temperatures low or about 50° and giving a little less water) to mature this growth so that in March or April the stored energy can be diverted to producing buds and flowers.



PFAU

A lovely variety with cupped ruffled inner petals. Stocks of this are very limited. Many other varieties are as lovely and in better supply. All Orchid Cacti bear brilliant, striking flowers. Among all the flowers I know \$1.25

## RAINBOW COLLECTION

#### COLLECTION R3

**3** Beautiful Orchid Cacti particularly selected for their brightness and long blooming season. A fine group to start with. Our selection properly named, No common species.

Bright red. Pink. White.

Three Choice Hybrids, Postpaid......\$2

## PINK AND ROSE (Continued)

PINK GLORIA. Very much like the red Gloria, but with warm pink blossoms. Each.....90c

PINK NYMPH. A lovely salmon pink saucer shaped blossom with ruffled petals. This pleasing flower extends the blooming season, as it is in perfection after many of the others have passed. Vigorous, healthy plant. Each........75c

Prof. Ebert. This fine variety is pictured at left.

ROSETTA. A delicate pink flowered variety, fine for corsages. A fine basket plant. Ea...75c

SCHEHERAZADE. A fine free bloomer with flowers of bright pink, suffused with lilac. Very lovely, the blossoms deepening in color each day. Nice habit and a reliable bloomer. Ea...75c

WANDA. A dark rosy mauve blossom with a wide bowl shape. Very colorful. Plant a good vigorous grower. Each ......85c



#### WAX VINE

Though not a cactus, it grows under the same conditions as the Orchid Cacti. The clusters of blossoms are exquisite, a lovely pink with waxy petals. The leaves are shining deep green, sometimes mottled with silver. It is a familiar plant to the window garden devotee. The vines may be trained about the window casing or allowed to trail. Likes moisture and partial shade. Very scarce. From 3-inch pots.

75c

#### NOTE

Stocks of Orchid Cacti are scarce and our supply is limited. We would appreciate an extra choice or so if plants ordered are sold out. If substitutions have to be made they will be varieties as similar in color as possible.

#### REDS AND VIOLETS

CONWAY'S CIANT. A huge flower with broad crimson outer petals. Inner petals overlaid with crimson and violet. A lovely blossom, vigorous grower and free bloomer. Ea...75c

**DANTE.** The large flowers are orange red, the inner petals suffused with delicate violet tones. A vigorous plant, some stems 3 angled.

DR. WERDERMANN. A lovely and striking flower of a rich orchid color, the inner petals edged with white. A bold and arresting blossom of large size. Only a limited supply of this outstanding variety. Each ..... \$1.25

**ERNEST VON SEDERHELME.** Large coppery orange flower shading to bronze and violet Each long tapering pointed petal with lacquered sheen. Each

#### SNOWDROP CACTUS

A lovely and graceful cactus from Brazil, where its arching stems, gemmed with white bells, brighten the forest gloom. An old favorite always scarce. Rhipsalis Houlletiana has long terete stems with flat leaflike branches which bear the flowers in late Spring. They like a shady location quite sandy soil with leafmold and generous waterings. Treatment some- 50c what like Begonias. Each, 75c and

Below:

#### RED ORCHID CACTUS

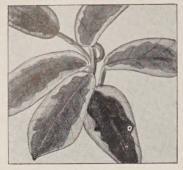
For more Orchid Cacti, turn page.







#### LINK CACTUS



#### TRICOLOR WAX VINE



#### CHIAPASIA NELSONII



#### RHIPSALIS CRISPATA

#### ORCHID CACTI (Continued) RED AND VIOLET RED

GLORIA. See front cover for color photo-

#### HERMOSISSIMUS

A spectacular blossom and one of my favor-The large flowers are boldly held and widely. The brilliant red petals each have open widely. The brilliant red petals each have an orange stripe down the center, bordered by violet with a luminous violet throat. Very free in flowering. Plant vigorous and healthy.

\$1.00

HERMOSUS. A lovely large flowered variety with red outer petals enclosing a brilliant purple throat. A strikingly beautiful flower. Free blooming, vigorous grower. Fine \$1.00

#### DR. HOUGHTON

For my taste the finest of all Orchid Cacti. The brilliant bold blossoms are very freely borne. The throat is an exquisite electric blue violet, impossible of description. I despair of describing the inner effulgence with which it seems to glow. The outer petals bright red, shading into orange red, the inner petals brilliantly bordered with violet, with an orange center stripe. The long arching stems are studded with buds which in opening wreath the plant in brilliance. Plant is vigorous and healthy. Each \$1.25

**LEOBNERI.** A vigorous growing variety with handsome 8-inch blossoms, carmine within, outer petals shading to violet. Each...........75c

OBERST KUHNRICH. A distinctively attractive flower with slender spreading petals peculiarly Chrysanthemum-like in appearance. Inner petals deep violet, outer petals shading from maroon to copper. A fine strong grower.

#### VIEW IN SEEDLING HOUSE

This year we have some very fine types of the handsome white haired Old Man Cacti. These plants are all very scarce now and probably will remain so. Ours are snowy white, without blemishes, and have excellent healthy root systems. Much of the seed I collected in South America. We have two large houses devoted to tiny cactus seedlings from those newly sprouted to ones ready to go outdors.





#### Orchid Cactus-HANS REHM

Glistening deep red 8 to 9 inch blossoms. petals red, inner orange edged with purple. Very lovely flower. Supply limited.....

#### PEACOCKII

One of the grandest and most striking flowers I know. Flowers very large, to 10 inches. Petals are wide, delicately ruffled and overlapping. The coloring is indescribably beautiful, a vivid carmine red, the luminescent throat an intense violet blue. Lovely beyond words. Plant vigorous, stems 3 angled, often with spines. Each \$1.00

SCARLET GIANT. A huge strikingly beautiful variety. The 10-inch blossoms are vivid orange-scarlet, the tapering petals divided by a fine orange center stripe. The throat is violet red. A vigorous and healthy plant. Each....75c

SUN GODDESS. An extremely large blossom, the most glorious of the giant orange flowered varieties. The flowers are a brilliant burnt orange, with a golden sheen. In the throat there is a violet eye. Petals large and graceful.

VALENCIA. A very heavy blooming plant, opening late in the season. Inner petals a lovely orange-yellow with a touch of violet in the throat. Outer petals rich burnt orange.

#### RHIPSALIS

These are all shade loving cacti and all are epiphytic. They grow readily as window plants. Most of them come from wet jungles and grow best with plenty of moisture and some shade. Give them a quite sandy soil and in the growing season they like a little Cactus Food. You will enjoy them.

Rhipsalis	capilliformis. Slender stems	400
	grandiflora. Thick stems. Ran	
Rhipsalis	pachyclada. Ovate leaves	40c
Rhipsalis	pachyptera. Large	75 c
Rhipsalis	pentaptera. Many angled	75c
Rhipsalis	rhombea. Copper colored	40c
Rhipsalis	teres. Long slender	40c
	virgata	
Rhipsalis	Warmingiana. 3-angled	40c
Rhipsalis	trigona. 3-angled	50c
Rhipsalis	pulvinigera	75c
Rhipsalis	dissimilis	750

#### HATIORA

Very pretty, with peculiar short, fat stems. Flowers orange-yellow. Culture as for Rhipsalis.

Hatiora bambusoides ..... Hatiora salicornioides. Spice Cactus.......75c

#### LEPISMIUM

Lepismium cruciforme. Treat as Rhipsalis..50c

#### THANKSGIVING CACTUS

A hybrid form of the well known Christmas Cactus, with lovely salmon-pink blossoms borne in November and December. This is a very pretty plant and not very plentiful. Culture as for Christmas Cactus. Nice 3-4 inch plants, 75c; smaller 50c

#### ORCHID CACTI **COLLECTION R4**

8 Fine varieties of these beautiful flowering Cacti, including all the various color groups. My selection of choice hybrids.
Eight Rooted Plants, all labelled

Postpaid, only

..... \$5

# FANCIERS' COLLECTIONS

THE COMPLETE WINDOW GARDEN COLLECTION R5

#### 16 FINE PLANTS

A fine selection to start your window garden or for planting outdoors during the Summer. Contains representatives of all the main groups of both Cacti and Succulents. \$3.00

#### DE LUXE GARDEN COLLECTION R6

28 choice plants, all correctly labelled. A fine selection of the beautiful and odd. Living Rocks, Easter Lily Cacti, Dragon Flowers, Opuntias, Pincushion Cacti, Echeverias, Old Men, Torch Cacti, Cereus, Barrel Cacti, Parodias, etc......\$5.00

#### FANCIER'S ASSORTMENT COLLECTION R7

60 rare and choice plants for the collector of the odd and beautiful. Stone Faces and other rare South African succulents with South American cacti, Lobivlas, Cerei, Notocacti, etc., plus a group of Mexican Mamillarias, Ferocacti, etc. \$10.00

#### CENTURY ASSORTMENT No. R8 100 CACTI. NO SUCCULENTS

A collectors' group, including all the main genera and species of Cacti. A gift any collector would prize above all else. A very moderate \$25.00

#### PLEASURE FROM HER CACTI

"Received my Cacti and they were very lovely plants. I was much pleased with them. My plants are growing fine this Summer and have quite a few in blossom. I get a lot of pleasure taking care of them. I now have 75 different kinds and hope to make it 100 soon."

MRS. ROSE ANN WELCH Haverhill, Mass.

# puntías

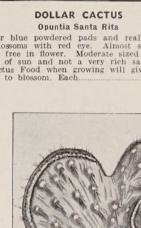
PUNTIAS and their close relatives form a very distinct and interesting group. They have the widest distribution of all eacti, being found from Canada south to Argentina. There are a myriad forms but mainly they can be grouped between those with round stems or flat pads. Some have quite lovely flowers, some are almost spineless, others like our Chollas have really wicked spines. Some are grown for their pleasantly edible fruits, which are produced in prodigious quantities and are very common in the markets of semi-desert regions where other fruits are scarce. Since they grow easily under almost any conditions they are very good plants to start your collection, and as such I strongly recommend them. The forms are always interesting and attractive, and whether they bear flowers or not they are necessary to give variety. Generally they need a lot of Summer sun and poor soil to make them flower, for some only blossom as a last resort.

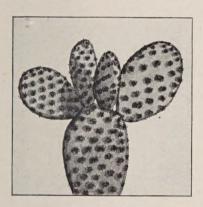


#### DWARF TREE OPUNTIA



ANGEL WINGS Opuntia microdasys albata

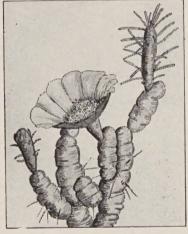




#### **CINNAMON CACTUS**

Branches freely from the top of the flat pads. Opuntia rufida is an excellent plant for the window garden, with its dark silhouette against the lighted pane. Glochids cinnamon brown. The plant should be handled gingerly when potting, as the glochids come off easily and are annoying though not painful.

Nice plants Feed. 25c Nice plants. Each.



#### OPUNTIA VERSCHAFFELTII



#### BOXING GLOVE

These plants assume the oddest, 



#### CRESTED OPUNTIA

Crested plants with their curious cockscomb-like manner of growth are always scarce. Opuntia serpentina cristate always retains its sinuate growth. Splendid. 2 to 3 35c

#### QUIABENTIA CHACOENSIS

#### WINTER HARDY OPUNTIA

Opuntia polyacantha is a dwarf clustering form from Wyoming for outdoor planting.

#### OLD MAN OPUNTIA



#### DEVILS CANE

Makes a tall, columnar specimen, quite useful to give height and variety to the window garden. Grows quickly in sun or shade. 2-4 inches. Each...... 25c



#### LEMON VINE

Though a true cactus, it bears large shining green leaves and waxy, lemonscented white blossoms. Pereskia aculeata has the habit of a vine and is the best stock to graft Xmas Cactus. Potted. In shipping they often lose their leaves. This does not hurt them. Water well. Each..... 30c



#### DOMINOES





#### PLOVER EGGS

The fat round leaves of Adromischus Cooperi are marbled with maroon-red. Everyone enjoys it. Grows well in sandy soil with moderate watering. It does not like close, heavy soils. Sunshine brings out the brightest coloring. Each.

# Succulents

THESE colorful and fascinating desert plants are becoming increasingly popular with our patrons. Most of them are easy to grow in the window garden and none of them have spines. They are found principally in the desert or semi-desert regions of Africa and Mexico, though almost every region of the world produces some species. They are called "succulents" because their thick juicy stems and leaves store water to tide them over the long dry spells found in their home lands. Mexico, from its mountains and plateaus, has given us the lovely Echeverias with their rich coloring and handsome flowers, the white powdered-leaved Pachyphytums, Sedums and related genera and the stately Yuccas and Nolinas and the towering spikes of the Century Plants. From South America come the Dyckias and Puyas, members of the Pineapple family. But the great bulk of our succulents are from South Africa and Madagascar. Here are found a myriad of strange and curious forms. The strikingly beautiful Star Flowers, some with blossoms bigger than dinner plates, nestle beneath the scanty shade of Mimosas. The plains and valleys are dotted with shrubby Mesembryanthemums, which during their flowering seasons are ablaze with brilliant blossoms. In the warmer regions toward Rhodesia the great tree Euphorbias, their gaunt arms reaching upward, give thin shade to the sturdy black men in their kraals. The wonderfully adapted Stone Plants, which in their hundreds mimic the pebbles among which they grow, are found in abundance. Only when they burst into bloom may one discover their hiding places. Clumps of Haworthias in their infinite varieties cling to the shelter of the sparse shrubs, shrubby Cotyledons open their orange bells on the hillsides, and among them hide the dainty Crassulas, with their fragrant "shaving brush" blossoms, while the flaming torches of the glorious Aloes march over veld and kopje, their honey-dripping bells an invitation to the flashing sun birds.



#### POLKA DOT ALOE



#### **OX TONGUE**

The Gasterias are easily grown, the leaves variously spotted with white. Thrive in light shade with very sandy soil and moderate waterings. 25c



#### STARFISH FLOWER

The curious blossoms of Stapelia variegata are 2 inches across, oddly striped with brown. Blooms on the young growth during Summer and Fall. Sandy soil. Each ....



#### TIGER ALOE



#### HAIRY STARFISH FLOWER Stapelia hirsuta





#### STRIPED EUPHORBIA

An uncommon succulent more or less striped in a zig zag pattern. Euphorbia valida is a choice collectors item. The plants are male or female. Pair \$4.00. Grow to 5-inch-diameter. Sandy soil, moderate water. 2 to 2½ 75c inches, \$1.50; 1-inch, 1½-inch. Each......

At right:

#### BABY TOES

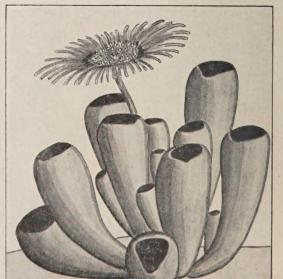


Trichodiadema densa

A choice Mesemb with lovely bright pink blossoms flowering in Januar and February. The leaves are each tipped with a star of white bristles. Forms nice little clusters, each head producing flowers. You might almost take it for a Mamillaria. Very sandy soil, moderate watering.

35c 35c





#### CULTURE OF SUCCULENTS

Succulents are mostly quite at home in the window garden, being the most amenable of plants. They like a quite sandy soil. Soils containing much clay are sticky and cold. Sandy soils do not stay wet and quickly absorb warmth, being much more to the liking of our desert succulents, who do not like wet feet. A suitable soil may be made up of 1 part easily crumbled loam, 2 parts coarse sand and 1 part of leafmold. Very rich soils are inclined to make succulents grow too fast, wherein they tend to lose their interesting forms and colors, besides becoming prime subjects for bugs and diseases.

isects for bugs and diseases.

In watering be temperate. A good sensible rule is to apply water only as ahe soil becomes fairly dry. Water lightly, never soaking them. They should dry out in a week or ten days, particularly in Winter. You will never lose them from rotting if this simple rule is followed. Remember they are not used to much rain in their desert homes and dry spells are quite normal. They are particularly impatient of too heavy watering right after they are newly planted. It takes one to two months to recover.

They like pleny of light and many do well in full sunshine, though they will appreciate a little shade in the midlle of a Summer day. The more shade they have the less water they will need, which is true of all plants. They also like plenty of fresh air at all times.



#### BEARDED STAR FLOWER

#### JOHNSON'S CACTUS COMPOST

For the convenience of our customers we have prepared a compost that with the addition of clean builders sand and crumbly loam will make an ideal soil for all kinds of Cacti and Succulents. One package makes from 5 to 8 quarts of soil. Very economical.

2 pounds or 4 pints, postpaid.......75c Per Peck, postpaid ......\$1.95



#### SILVER CROWN

The beautiful waved leaves of Cotyledon undulatum are thickly covered with white powder. Grows quite easily in sandy soil with moderate water. Is prettiest in full sun. Flowers in Summer time.



#### STONE FACE

Lithops pseudotruncatella is one of the best mimicry plants, its brown coloring closely imitating the rocks among which it is found. A few well selected pebbles scattered on the surface makes the plant difficult to see. Grows readily in quite sandy soil.

#### BOOKS CACTI FOR THE AMATEUR

You will enjoy this book about your hobby. Interesting data on how to grow your plants with many illustrations of cacti. Soils, watering, grafting, seed planting. 110 colored pictures. Postpaid ..... .....\$2.60

#### SUCCULENTS FOR THE AMATEUR

800 Succulents described. 400 illustrations, 85 in color. 167 pages crammed with informa-



#### COOPER'S STAR FLOWER

#### **JOHNSON'S** CACTUS SOIL CONDITIONER

Of great assistance in keeping cacti in good health, it is designed to add minerals ordinary garden soils often lack. A spoonful will often bring an ailing plant back to health.

Small Size, 10 ounces, postpaid..... .60c Large Size, 32 ounces, postpaid......\$1.00

#### RESURRECTION PLANT



#### CHEN!LLE PLANT

At all seasons this is a dainty beauty, the leaves and stems densely covered with a soft plush of fine hairs and tipped and margined with rich red. Echeveria pulvinata flowers in mid-Winter, the bells large and brightest crimson. One of the prettiest things in our houses. Semi-shade, moderate moisture.



#### TRICOLORED JADE PLANT

A lovely rainbow hued succulent which will grow almost anywhere. This is a real beauty which will brighten up any group it is placed with. Leaves striped pink, yellow, green and cream, Crassula argentes var. tricolor will grow in sun or shade. Colors best with sun and poor soil. Moderate watering. Each.

#### **OUR CACTUS FOOD**

A very effective food for cacti with a good organic base, the ingredients of which are blended and proportioned to help your plants make normal, matured growth.

12-ounce bag \$1.00 2-pound bag ....





ARABS TURBAN



PRINCESS PINE





PEARL ALOE

Each leaf is gemmed with tiny seed pearls. Aloe Bequinit enjoys a light loam soil, partial shade, moderate watering throughout the year. Fine. Each.. 35c



JEWEL PLANT

Lovely mimicry plant, often becoming highly colored in Winter. The rugose leaves are blue-green and white, the blossoms yellow. Titanopsis calcareum likes sandy soil, moderate waterings 25c and sun. Each.



Soft ferny green.



25c

EUPHORBIA PSEUDOGLOBOSA



LITHOPS SUMMITATUM

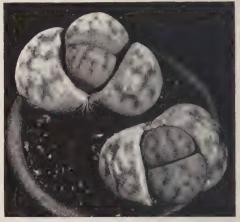


CHA!N PLANT

Lithops Mundtii has long been an old favorite.
Bright yellow blossoms in early Summer. 35c





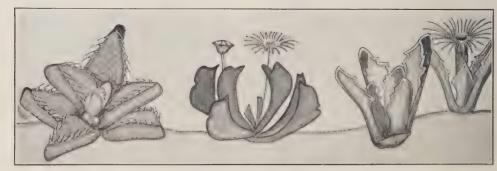


#### LITHOPS KARASMONTANUM

Rosy tan bodies with darker mottling. sparkling white in October.

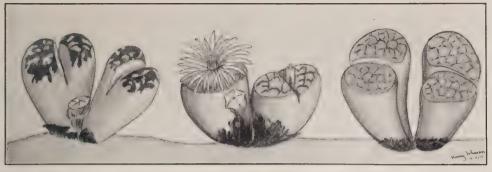
Large, 75c. Each.....

25c



#### SHRINER PLANT

#### BANDED TIGER JAWS



#### LITHOPS FRAMESII

A lovely species violet-grey with darker pattern. Flowers white 35c

#### LITHOPS URSULAE

Charming rosy tan with darker rust colored incised lines. Flowers white in Sept. Each. 35c

#### LITHOPS FULVICEPS

The fat rosy beige leaves have an intricate pattern of brown lines. Flowers white. Each..... 40c



#### CHRISTMAS CHEER

A very easily grown and color-ful succulent. Colors bright red. Does best in poor sandy soil. Starve it to get brightest coloring. In shade turns green.



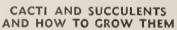
#### **GOLD WORT**

Aloinopsis Schoonesii is a very rare, slow growing plant for the collector. Flowers bright yellow Roots thick, blunt. Sandy soil, moderate water and some 75c



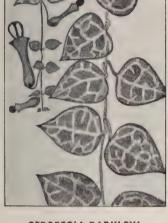
**BLACK STARFISH** 

#### SNOWFLAKE STAPELIA Stapelia granduliflora



A very interesting booklet on the growing of Cacti and Succulents. 68 pages and many photographs on Cactus lore. Notes on kinds, culture, watering, grafting. Simply written for the beginner. Book postpaid........50c

CALICO HEARTS 



#### CEROPEGIA BARKLEYI



**NECKLACE VINE** 

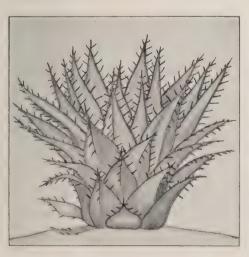


PINK CHAIN

A lovely pink flowered trailing vine. Sedum Sieboldii is hardv. Moderate watering. 35c

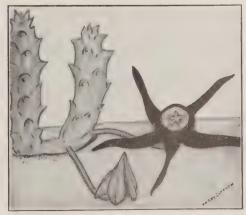


An old-fashioned plant, Crassula tetragona looks somewhat like a tiny green pine tree.



#### LACE HAWORTHIA

The lacy effect of Haworthia setata is produced by the white bristly teeth. The leaves are lined with transparent windows. Easily grown in quite sandy soil, moderate watering, partial shade. Keep dry in July and August. Fine. Each 50c and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_35c



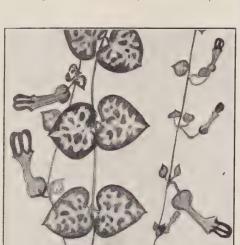
#### **DUVALIA RECLINATA**





#### EUPHORBIA OBESA

PAIRS. Matched pairs of Euphorbia obesa. Blooming male and female plants. Pair....\$4.00



#### HEART VINE

A charming easily grown plant that springs from a small tuber. The heart-shaped leaves are in pairs and prettily marbled with silver. It likes to hang down in long trailing curtains, the curious blossoms appearing almost all the year. Ceropegia Woodii will thrive in sun or shade in any window. The tubers are easy to establish. Potted tubers.

#### RAINBOW BUSH

A handsome rainbow hued plant of yellow, cream, plnk and green. Each dainty leaf attached to the fat, mahogany red jointed stems. Portulacaria afra var. tricolor will stand out among the plainer greens. Light loam soil and generous treatment.

30c



#### **SCARLET PAINT BRUSH**



#### **GIANT STAR FLOWER**

One of the largest of all flowers, often 16 inches across! Will flower in 4-inch pot. Stapelia gigantea likes a sandy soil with crumbly loam, moderate waterings. Large, 5-6 inches, 50c. 35c



#### CHRIST THORN

The lovely scarlet blossoms of Euphorbia splendens are familiar to all. Forms a well branched bush one to two feet tall, with bright green leaves. Likes a rich sandy loam and a generous supply of water, semi-sunny location. 10-14-inch, each, 50c; 35c

#### CACTUS CHARCOAL



#### GOLD TOOTH ALOE

A popular Aloe with golden teeth and tall spikes of red bells. Mature plants are 8 inches across. With age forms clusters. Sun or shade.

#### ROOTWELL

Want to raise cactus cuttings? Try our special hormone powder for rooting refractory cuttings. Sterilizes the cut surface and induces luxuriant growth of roots. Apply dry with finger to fresh cut. Full instructions. Per package .

AFRICAN LIVING ROCK



WART PLANT

Johnson's Vitamin B1 Tablets

For Use in Any Soil

Works miracles on cacti, often bringing refractory plants into bloom. Don't fail to use this wonder working solution. Particularly valuable to stimulate new root growth after transplanting.

New Double Strength Tablets,

Bottle of 75 for

A part of the collection of Mr. Paul Pickering, Mansfield, Ohio. Mr. Pickering has a great number of very nice specimens. He says it is a pleasure to receive our plants, as they are nice and healthy.









#### PAINTED LADY

A lovely Winter blooming succulent. Echeveria Derenbergii grows well for everyone. Blossoms are orange yellow, borne on short spikes, and several appear on a plant. They make charming specimens that remain in bloom a long time. Florist shops buy thousands of them. The very pretty white leaves are tipped with red. Likes a sandy soil, moderate watering, some Summer shade. Flowering, 35c. Fine 1½-inch....25c



#### SUPERB TIGER JAWS

#### CACTUS INSECTICIDES

Red Arrow Spray non-injurious to cacti and other house plants. Special cactus pest instruction sheet and spray 40c

#### **ECHEVERIAS**

We have a nice selection of these pretty plants. Echeveria Doris Taylor, 35c. E. expatriata, 25c. E. microcalyx, dwarf, 25c. E. nobilis, 25c. E. nodulosa, 35c. E. Peacockii, 35c. E. pulvicarn, 25c. E. pulvicox, 25c. E. pulvicary, 25c. E. pulvicox, 25c. E. setoliver, 25c. E. Violet Queen, 25c. Queen, 25c.

Echeveria Collection R10. 5 unlabelled. \$1.00 Echeveria Collection R11. 10 labelled....\$2.25

#### BEAD VINE

Similar to the Necklace Vine, but bears trusses of pretty pink flowers. Leaves joined together and passing through center like beads a string. Each...

#### CRASSULA LACTEA

Dark green leathery leaves with a row of tiny white dots on the margin. Large spikes of white blossoms in Fall. Much recommended.

#### ODDS AND ENDS

#### Collection P19

A grab-bag collection of plants, some with slight imperfections, plants left over from shipping tables, odds and ends. No two collections all alike. You will get your money's worth, often a lot more.

12 Different Plants .......\$1.50

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#### MEXICAN GEM

#### SAND CULTURE KIT Collection H23

Hydroponics is the scientific name for grow-



#### PANDA PLANT

## SUCCULENT COLLECTION

#### Collection R12



#### LOVE PLANT

Anacampseros lanceolata bears lovely pink blossoms in Summer from small clusters of succulent lanceolate green leaves interspersed with long hairs.



STAR CACTUS

Handsome golden blossoms. Plant spotted with white dots. Very choice.....25c



STONE FACE

Lithops Peersii closely rembles beautifully marked sembles pebbles



**OX TONGUE** 

Handsome succulents with spotted leaves. Tall spikes of pink blossoms ......25c



AIR PLANT

Grows young plants on the tips of its leaves! Handsome blossoms \_\_\_\_\_\_20c



DUMPLING CACTUS

Fine for small gardens, for it bears many red blossoms when quite young. Nice...25c

BEGINNERS COLLECTION R9. Five attractive plants for single small pots or may be planted as a dish garden together. Star Cactus, Stone Face, Ox Tongue, Air Plant, Dumpling Cactus. Postpaid......



BURRO TAIL A lovely plant whose lambent, pendulous tassels of palest silver have won it a place in the choicest collections. It was first found grow-

ing in a basket at an Indian hut in its native mountains of Mexico. Sedum Morganianum

makes perfectly glorious specimens. The tassels on old plants may reach 3 feet in length and there may be a dozen of them, Likes

some moisture and not too much sun. It is not

TITANOPSIS SETIFERA

per yellow, Each......50c

**TITANOPSIS** PRIMOSII This Jewel Plant has white granulate leaves and is quite rare.

ARGETA PETRENSIS A rare small mesemb, blue white pebble-like

clusters and pink flow-

ers. Makes very nice specimens. Branched,

Each .....

each .....

Another Jewel Plant with granulate green leaves. A choice collectors item. Flowers cop-

50c

....50e

choosy, Each



SILVER SKIN

These plants mimic the quartz pebbles among which they grow. They flower in October, yellow copper or full sun and sandy soil.

25c Angyroderma testiculare likes



#### CORAL BEADS

Every bead is brightest red. bead that falls will grow! Sedum Stahlii colors brightest 20c

#### ECHEVERIA GILVA



#### PINEAPPLE DYCKIA

Bright glossy green leaves and lovely spikes of rich orange red blossoms in Spring. Grows anywhere. Like water, sun or 25c shade. 2-3 inches.



#### **COCONUT PALMS**



#### PRETTY PEBBLES

A short, squat trunk, the branches bearing plump silvery green leaves mottled with maroon. Adromischus clavifolius likes moisture and either sun or shade. Large 35c. 25c





An old favorite that I can thoroughly recommend. The white leaves are often tinged with violet or copper and each leaf will grow if placed in shade. A good plant.



A choice succulent whose pure white leaves are pebbled at the tips. A mimicry plant growing wild in crevices of limestone rocks where it is almost invisible, Pretty yellow flowers. Likes a sandy soil, moderate watering and some sun. sun. Plants..... 35c



#### HOUSE LEEK

A quite hardy plant outdoors in the north. Leaves pale green tipped with red in a lively way. In Europe they are planted on the roofs of sod houses. Sempervivum calcareum likes moderate water-25c ings. Each.....



# PYGMY WINDOW PLANT

A charming window plant with a pretty, lucent pattern on the flat topped, wedge-shaped leaves. Haworthia turgida grows best in almost pure sand with some soil added. Moderate waterings and not too erings and not too much sun will bring out the pattern brightly, Each. 25c



#### PLEASED WITH PLANTS

I just can't express my appreciation for the lovely collection of cacti. They were so sturdy and well rooted. I now have 230 different kinds. Am very proud of my collection and there are several more I will send for later.

MRS. PAUL PULS,
Lenox, Michigan.



#### TONGUE LEAF

Curious tongue-shaped leaves Large yellow blossoms in Winter. Clottiphyllum linguaeforme likes sandy soil and sun 25c



#### WINDOW PLANT

The flat tipped leaves are prettilly patterned with lucent panes. Haworthia cuspidata with its fresh green leaves in charming. Sandy soil, semi-shade. 25c



The collection of Mrs. Mary Fix, of Winona, Minn. She has been well pleased with her four orders.

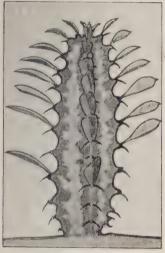


PACHYVERIA GLAUCA

The leaves are a lovely dove grey with violet and white shadings. Each leaf if placed on sand will form 25c



BUNNY EARS



MILK TREE

25c



MOOSE HORNS

A small plant with odd antlered leaves in a close rosette. In Fall Hereroa Dyeri bears daisy-like yellow blossoms. Each....20c



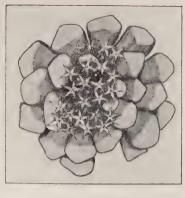
KNOBBY TIGER JAWS



CONOPHYTUM **GIFTBERGENSIS** 



PINK BUTTONS Crassula marginata. 20c Easily grown ..



#### **FOAM FLOWER**

A very rare mimicry plant, Crassula mesembrianthemopsis. Lovely fragrant white "shaving brush" flowers borne in December. The top of the plant is almost level with the soil. The triangular truncated leaves are sand paper tipped. You will enjoy this odd gem. Keep dry in July and August. Each



TIGER ALOE

An old favorite and still one of the prettiest succulents we have. Aloe variegata has brightly marbled green and white leaves with white margins. In January it bears spikes of large red blossoms. Very sandy soil, moderate water, semi-shade. Nice specimens, 50c, 35c and 25c



#### **ECHEVERIA SPRUCEANA**



#### SILVER BEADS



#### ELK HORN EUPHORBIA Euphorbia lactea cristata

A rare and attractive cristate plant. All collectors treasure these crests for their beauty and curious growth. A real collectors item. Only a few plants. Grows to 3 feet in height, making a noble specimen. Fine crests, 4 to 5 inches, \$1.50; 3-inch, \$1.00; 2 to 3 inches.

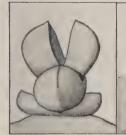
## LIVING ROCK DISH **GARDENS**

MIMICRY PLANTS COLLECTION R14

A fine collection to be planted in a bowl 6 inches in diameter. Plant in sandy soil, covering the surface with pebbles and small stones to demonstrate the curious mimetic quality of the plants. A sunny location and very moderate watering. African Living Rock, Flowering Stone, Karroo Rose, Silver Skin, Pleiospilos, Hilmari, Jewel Plant, Split Rock.

SEVEN ROCK-LIKE PLANTS...

~~~~~~~~~~~



#### **DINTERANTHUS PUBERULUS**

Charming African Stone Plant, leaves white tinted pink. Blos-soms bright yellow in Fall. Fine. 25c



The lovely Lapidaria Margaretae with carved white leaves flushed with rose. Golden blossoms borne in September. Fine plants 25c



# FLOWERING STONES

Dinteranthus inex-pectatus closely re-sembles the white pebbles among which it grows, Golden grows. 25c



#### **GIBBAEUM**

Curious mimicry plants with rosy li-lac flowers and very unequal leaves. Form clusters of fat white 35c



## PLEIOSPILOS

HILMARI
Fat copper - red leaves like jasper pebbles. Large golden blossoms borne from August to September. Nice colored plants



#### PEBBLE PLANT

The Rimarias are like smooth green chert pebles. Cluster forming. Flowers white or pink 25c



Lithops are the jewels among succulents. Lovely patterned windows on top in brown, grey, rust red, white or green. Just like colored pebbles.

Nice plants, ea. 25c



#### CORAL CACTUS

The Coral Cactus is one of the prettiest of all with its scarlet or coral red berries and pretty cream blossoms. The berries break forth ripe and red, taking only a day or so to appear, as they mature within the plant from the earlier blossoms. Mature 2-3 inch fruiting



#### CRESTED BOXING GLOVE

# MAMILLARIAS General Collection

| ocheral concerton |                                            |                     |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| much white        | angularis. Handsome wool in the axils. 11/ | <sub>2</sub> -inch, |
| Mamillaria        | arida. Rare                                | 50c                 |
|                   | balsasensis. Finebocasana. See below       |                     |
|                   | Bravoae. Lovely white                      |                     |
|                   |                                            |                     |



POWDER PUFF (Mamillaria bocasana) to a hursting cotton boll this little plant is clothed to the constraint of the cons

# Mamillarias

## or Pincushion Cacti

A S AN OLD MAMILLARIA fan perhaps I am prejudiced, but I know of no other group of plants that gives one so much pleasure to grow and collect. There are endless varieties and new ones are continually turning up. They are fine for collectors with limited space, for you can grow mature specimens on a window ledge which will bloom and fruit yearly. This year we have a number of new ones to offer and will have many more to offer in the future as they are propagated. Some are lovely because of the intricate, almost geometrical pattern of their spines and nipples; yellow, white, black and red spines. Some with long white hair or feathered spines. Some grow solitary, others form many headed clusters, others form mounds, the heads so closely pressed together as to he hexagonal. Most are native to Mexico, though many are found in the United States, Central America and even Colombia and Venezuela. They grow from the salty sands of the beaches to the high mountains. Many hide in the scanty shade of the chaparral or cluster on the steep brush-clad walls of desert barrancas. Some bloom in Spring, others in Summer, Fall or Winter with pink, red, white or yellow blossoms. The seed pods of some are lovely red berries to entice the birds.

CULTURE. They are not too particular and thrive under surprisingly different conditions. I grow them in compost of 2 parts sand, 1 part loam, 1/2 to 1 part leafmold or Johnson's Cactus Compost with a sprinkling of charcoal. They like the sun, but do well in any well lighted window. Growing season is from April to October.



Escobaria tuberculosa



Mamillaria pseudocrucigera



# ESCOBARIA TUBERCULOSA

The pink striped flowers appear in early Spring. It is related to the Mamillarias and requires same care. The plant often branches, forming small clusters. Easy to flower. Seed pods 25c light crimson. Each....25c

#### GRAPE CACTUS

A dainty tiny cactus bearing an endless number of "pups," each one of which will grow. Your friends will enjoy growing a youngster. Mamillaria multiceps has cream blossoms followed by scarlet pods. Clusters.....



# MAMILLARIA BUCARELIENSIS

A newly introduced species with wide based, low, conical tubercles and long curved, dark spines in mature plants. It is a cluster forming species. Grows rapidly. Nice young



**Grape Cactus** 



Mamillaria bucareliensis



LADY FINGERS Mamillaria elongata Schmollii

A dainty gem and so easy to grow. Each little plant is a bright mosaic of rich golden, harmless spines. Quickly forms fine specimens. Small clusters, 35c. 25c



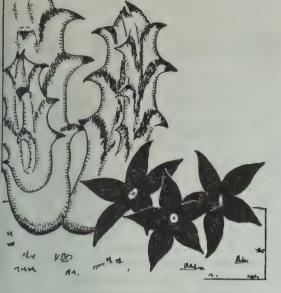
THIMBLE CACTUS Mamillaria fragilis



RUBY DUMPLING Mamillaria tetracantha

A quick growing cactus with bright crimson flowers and, with maturity, a hoary white head. It has long been a favorite with sturdy growth and vigor. 25c

MEXICAN JEWEL COLLECTION R15. These four pretty and easily grown Pincushions may be planted in individual 2 or 3 inches in pots or may be planted together in a small ornamental dish 4 to 5 inches in 90c



#### RUSSET STARS

Caralluma Nebrownii

A striking species, the stems heavily mottled 

#### CRASSULA

To the collector Crassulas are amongst the most interesting, curious and beautiful of the Succulents. Many of the finest species are very slow in growth and consequently are rare and expensive. They like a sunny position in the window, a quite sandy soil and moderate water-In the Summertime a little shade is bene-

Crassula corallina. A tiny, mossy species liking full sun to keep its whiteness. 35c. C. Cordata. Tiny shrub. 35c. C. corymbulosa. Turns purple red in sun. 35c. C. deceptrix. Very white pyramidal species. Rare. \$1.00. C. Dregeana hybrid. Deep pink flowers. 75c. C. Justus-Corderoyi. Rose pink flowers. 50c. C. lactea. Fine sprays white flowers. 35c. C. pachyphylla. White succulent species. Rare. 75c. C. Purcelli. Rare. White. 50c. C. Schmidtii. Lovely red pink flowers. Moss-like. 50c. C. lycopodioides. Grows well in shade. Bright mossy green. 25c. C. tomentosa. Parallel white leaves. Rare. 35c. C. trachysantha. Tiny shrub. Hairy leaves. 35c.

#### GIBBAEUM DISPAR

Gibbaeum Braunsii. Rare. White leaves....75c

## **CACTUS SEED**

Cacti grow readily from seed which germinates in from 7 to 30 days, depending upon heat and moisture conditions. You will enjoy trying your hand at growing them. Fresh seed from our own plants. Full planting instructions with every order.

#### MIXED CACTI SEED

#### DE LUXE MIXTURE

#### MIXED LIVING ROCK SEED

#### MINIATURE CACTI SEED

A choice mixture of the finest toy cacti, including rare Parodias, Notocacti, Gymnocalyciums, Mamillarias, Echinopsis, etc. Fifteen or more of the prettiest small growing types. Full instructions for planting. Per packet....

#### CHOICE SUCCULENTS

#### MIXED PINCUSHION SEED

Mamillarias are one of our specialties and 

## STONE FACES MIXED SEED

# The NEW SAND CULTURE for CACTI

Hydroponics is the scientific name for growing plants in culture solutions. This new science is rapidly proving its worth and for the cactus enthusiast has especial points of interest. One may grow his plants in clean porous sand, thus greatly reducing the danger of overwatering. This is of particular interest to collectors who live in damp, foggy or rainy places. Many choice or difficult plants thrive under this treatment for cactus roots when well fed enjoy spreading in the air filled sand.



#### VITAMIN B-1

Johnson's Own B-1 Tablets For Use in Any Soil

Works miracles on Cacti and Succulents, often bringing refractory plants into bloom. Don't fail to use this wonder working solution. Better Homes and Gardens tests on cacti report wonderful success attained in flowering slow plants. Particularly valuable to stimulate new root growth after transplant-

ing.
75 Double Strength Tablets with Full Instructions. Postpaid.....

50c

#### **PLANT-CHEM-SALTS**

Now Grow Prize Cacti the Easy Way

Cacti grown in pure sand and watered regularly with this nutrient solution make a vigorous normal growth. Contains in scientific proportions the thirty chemicals needed in the growth of all plants.

16 gallon package, postpaid 30c

paid 30c id 100 gallon package, post-\$1.10 id 400 gallon package, post-\$2.10



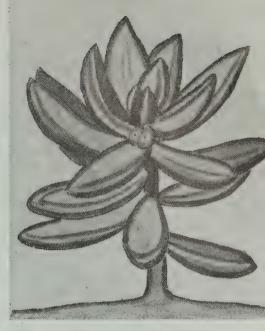
## JOHNSON'S SAND CULTURE KIT

COLLECTION H23

Complete instructions on growing Cacti and Succulents in sand with nutrient solutions. Simplifies watering. Makes the most difficult desert plants of easy culture. Particularly useful where Winters are long and damp.

Full instructions. 16-gallon package Plant Chem.
75 Johnson's B1 Tablets. 50c package Cactus Food......

\$1.20



#### CHRISTMAS GOLD

New Bronze Hybrid. Christmas Bronze. Lovely variety with darker bronze tints. Vigorous. Each .......25c

#### ALOE

There are many fine species of Aloes noted for their splendid flowers or handsome foliage. Easy to grow, some attaining tree proportions, some quite dwarf.

Aloe africana. Tree type to 10 feet. Quick grower. Lovely flowers. 25c. A. ausana. Spotted leaves. 35c. A. brevifolia. Crocodile Aloe. Dwarf. 35c. A. Dinteri. Rare striped leaves. Fine. 50c. A. longistyla. Sun Bird Flower. Large salmon yellow flowers. Dwarf. 35c. A. plicatilis. Rare small tree type. Handsome smooth 2-ranked leaves. Large. \$1.50. A. pratensis. Rare. 40c. A. spinosissima x longistyla. Lovely large flowered hybrids. 50c.

#### **ANACAMPSEROS**

Anacampseros are all nice pot subjects, forming small clusters of short succulent leaves. These we offer are flowering types, living for many years, increasing slowly. Sandy soil, moderate watering and some shade during hottest part of the day.

Anacampseros filamentosa. Coppery Anacampseros filamentosa. Coppery green leaves and very pretty bright pink blossoms in Spring. 35c. A. lanceolata. Love Plant. Short stemmed fascicles of green leaves and large pink blossoms like single roses. 25c. A. rufescens. Coppery green leaves, fine pink blossoms. 35c. A. tomentosa. Woolly Sand Rose. Leaves covered with fine wool. Nice 4-year-old plants 35c. covered wiplants. 35c.

#### SENECIO

The Senecios (or Kleinias) are interesting plants for the collector. They vary greatly in habit and appearance.

Senecio fulgens. Stems swollen at base. Leaves large. Flowers in December. 75c. C. scaposus. Stemless rosettes of white cylindric leaves covered with white felt. Very scarce. Each 75c. S. stapeliiformis. Curious variegated, leafless, finger-like stems. 35c.

#### **EUPHORBIA**

One of the largest of all genera of plants. Many are amongst our prettiest and most sought after succulents. We have a very large collection of rare species.

collection of rare species.

Euphorbia acruensis, 75c-\$1.50. E. antiquorum, 50c. S. Bojeri, 50c. E. bubalina, 35c. E. canariensis, 75c. E. caput-commelini, 75c. E. coerulescens, large, \$1.50. E. echinus, 35c. E. enopla, 40c. E. ferox, 75c. E. fruticosa, 75c. E. globosa, 50c. E. heptagona, large, \$1.00. E. Hislopii, \$1.00. E. horrida, \$1.50. E. inermis, \$1.00. E. ingens, \$1.00. E. lactea, 50c. E. Morringii, 75c. E. officinarum, 75c. E. ornithopus, 75c. E. polygona, 50c. E. pseudocactus, 40c. E. Royleana, \$1.00. E. resinifera, 35c and 50c. E. Susannae, \$1.00. E. tridentata, 75c. E. tubiglans, 75c. E. valida, 75c. E. Winkleri, \$1.50.



#### TIGER JAWS

The Faucarias are a most interesting and free flowering group with queer, toothed and often spotted leaves. Flowers large and bright yellow, produced in great profusion in September and October. Sure to bloom.

| Faucaria acutipetala. Long teeth      | 35c    |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| F. albidens. White rimmed             | 35c    |
| F. arrabidae. Small compact clusters  | 35c    |
| F. Blue Queen. Hybrid. Blue green     | 35c    |
| F. Bosscheana. White rimmed. Small    | clus-  |
| tered                                 | 35c    |
| F. carinata. Short thick leaves       | 35c    |
| F. cradockensis. Heavily toothed      | 35c    |
| F. felina-Jamesii. Much toothed       | 35c    |
| F. longidens. Slim green leaves       | 35c    |
| F. longifolia. Slim bluish leaves     | 35c    |
| F. lupina. Long heavy teeth           | 35c    |
| F. Ryneveldiae. Long slim leaves      | 35c    |
| F. sulrueteria. Heavy thick leaves    | 35c    |
| 5 Varieties My Selection. Nice Plants | \$1.50 |
| 10 Varieties My Selection             | \$2.50 |
|                                       |        |

## TERMS

This catalog cancels all previous catalogs and prices. Please do not order from old catalogs, as plants are often out of stock.

#### I GUARANTEE SAFE DELIVERY

#### ANYWHERE IN U. S. OR CANADA

No Shipments During December Because of Crowded Christmas Mails and Cold Weather.

MINIMUM ORDER FOR FREE DELIVERY IS \$2.00. Orders for less must include 50c extra to cover packing costs.

FREE DELIVERY on all orders amounting to \$2.00 or more.

HOW TO REMIT: By check, postal note, money order or stamps. When stamps are sent I appreciate larger denominations. 10c and 25c.

#### NO C.O.D. ORDERS ACCEPTED.

HOW WE SHIP. By guaranteed Parcel Post, which delivers directly to your door. All plants are passed by State Horticultural Inspectors to are passed by state Hornicultural Inspectors to insure freedom from insect pests. They are packed by experts in strong, especially made boxes, heavily insulated from cold and clearly marked Rush—Perishable—Tender Plants.

OWING to our doubled costs and very low prices we have had to raise our minimum free delivery order to \$2.00. Otherwise we would have to raise all catalog prices. Orders for less than \$2.00 please add 50c for packing.

#### MAY WE SUBSTITUTE IF OUT?

We have fine stocks of all items offered, but owing to the great number of items listed we ask if you will add to the bottom of your list two or three second choices.

#### CACTUS HELPS

#### COLLECTION P21

Items to make the growing of your plants easier and more enjoyable. Included here are all the things to root and grow your plants except loam and sand. Sand may be purchased from poultry houses or builders. Loam from garden or hillside.

Book, "Cacti and Succulents and How to Grow Them."

75c package Cactus Compost.

Johnson's Cactus Food.

johnson's Cactus Soil Conditioner.

Quart of Cactus Hardwood Charcoal.

Cactus Insecticide and Leaflet.

50 Wooden Plant Labels.

Items to Make Cactus Growing ..... \$3.00 7 Easy. Postpaid.....

# UPPLIES for CAC

Few things are needed in the growing of cacti more than interest and a desire to form an increasing collection of them. However, for the city dweller and more serious collector I am offering a few things that may make their culture easier. The things we offer are the things we ourselves use.

#### **JOHNSON'S CACTUS FOOD**

A very effective fertilizer with a good or-ganic base, the ingredients of which are blendganic base, the ingredients of which are blended and proportioned to help your plants to make normal matured flowering growth. It is not a soluble fertilizer but should be scattered over the soil, a level teaspoonful to a 4-inch pot, three or four times during the growing season after the plants are well established.

Use only during the growing season. Light applications once a month are more effective

than heavy applications

| 12-ounce | Bag | 50c    |
|----------|-----|--------|
| 2-pound  | Bag | \$1.00 |

#### ROOTWELL

Want to raise Cactus cuttings? Our new hormone powder for rooting refractory cuttings of all kinds designed particularly for quickly rooting Cacti and Succulents. Sterilizes the cut surface and induces luxuriant growth of roots. Apply dry with finger to fresh cut.

Full Directions. Per Package.....50c

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#### **JOHNSON'S CACTUS SOIL** CONDITIONER

Of great assistance in keeping cacti in good health, it is designed to add the minerals ordinary garden soils often lack. Desert soils are often high in mineral content, for there is little rain to leach them away. A spoonful of my Conditioner placed about a Cactus plant and stirred lightly into the soil will often bring an ailing one back to health. Mix it with your potting soils. potting soils.

Small Size, 10 Ounces, Postpaid..... Large Size, 32 Ounces, Postpaid......\$1.00

#### JOHNSON'S CACTUS COMPOST Mix With Your Own Sand and Soil

An economical compost for Cacti and Succulents which when mixed with equal or larger quantities of both sand and light loam makes a very suitable soil for all desert plants. Composed of our recleaned sclerophyllous leafmold, lime, gypsum in the proper proportions for all potted cacti. A light and bulky mixture, the same as we use in our own potting soils for both seedling and specimen plants.

Per Peck. Postpaid .... \$1.95 4 Pints or 2 Pounds to Make 6-10 Quarts of Potting Soil. Postpaid... 75c

#### **OUR SPECIAL CACTUS LEAFMOLD**

A recleaned, sclerophyllous desert leafmold, sifted, light and dry. Mixed with equal parts of both sand and loam, it makes a fine, economical cactus soil.

4 Pints or 2 Pounds to Make 6-10 Quarts of Potting Soil. Postpaid...

## HARDWOOD CACTUS CHARCOAL

Useful in keeping cactus soils sweet and aerated. Helpful in heavy soil.

Per Quart ...

#### CACTUS INSECTICIDES

Our special instruction sheet describing common cactus pests and treatment, with spray formulas. We recommend Red Arrow Spray as effective and non-injurious to cacti or other house or garden plants.

Instruction Sheet and Bottle of Red Arrow

Spray. Postpaid

VOLCK SPRAY. An oil spray recommended for any kind of scale insect and for mealy bug. These two insects are hard to kill, as they have a waxy covering which repels water. We have used it for years, but only recently has it been put up in small bottles. 4-ounce bottle prepaid (with orders only) with chart describing cactus pests. Full instructions for use.........50c

#### **BLACK ROT PREVENTIVE**

With light waterings, fresh air and sun rot will not appear. If through too much watering plants turn black and watery its spread may be checked by saturating the top soil with a Semesan solution. It is useful also to spray tiny seedlings to prevent "damping off" or rotting.

1/3-ounce envelope, with cactus instruc-

2-ounce pkg., with cactus instructions.....50c

## JOHNSON'S VITAMIN BI

Works miracles on cacti, often bringing re-fractory plants into bloom. Don't fail to use this wonder working solution. Our customers report success, particularly when used on old plants. Also to stimulate new root growth after transplanting.

#### PLANT CHEM SALTS

Cacti grown in pure sand and watered regularly with this nutrient solution make healthy vigorous growth. An occasional watering of all your house plants will supply the rare minerals sometimes lacking.

16-gallon pkg., with full instructions.....30c 100-gallon pkg., with full instructions..\$1.10

Zygocactus .....4-6

Islaya .....

PARAMOUNT, CALIFORNIA
1 9 4 9



#### TIGER JAWS

## PLANT BONUS

On orders of \$3 or more choose 10% in free plants

# FREE DELIVERY!

ON ALL ORDERS OF \$2 OR MORE. 50c PACK-ING CHARGE ON ORDERS FOR LESS THAN \$2.

PLEASE ORDER ALL COLLECTIONS BY NUMBER

NOTE! Orders for less than \$2.00 must include 50c extra to cover packing costs.

- $\star$  To assist us in promptly filling your orders please write letters on a separate sheet.
- \* When you unpack your order look for my free booklet, "The Culture of Cacti."

QUANTITY

|   | Please Fill Amount of Money Sent            |
|---|---------------------------------------------|
|   | Money<br>Order \$                           |
|   | Cash                                        |
| 1 | Stamps                                      |
|   | Checks                                      |
|   | If stamps are sent we appreciate 10c to 25c |
|   | Your Order                                  |
|   | Is this your 1st order  2nd 3rd 4th         |
|   | 5th   6th   7th                             |

#### PLEASE NOTE

This catalog cancels all previous catalogs and prices. Please don't order from old catalogs, as plants may be out of stock.

No C.O.D.

# TO OUR FRIENDS To avoid delay will you give us two or three extra plants at the bottom of your order to use only if we are out of items ordered. We have ample stocks and do not expect to run short of plants, but authorized sec-ond choices may save time and correspondence. If no choice is given may we use our judgment? QUESTIONS? Owing to present conditions it is increasingly difficult to answer corresponcult to answer correspondence regarding culture, etc., promptly without greatly increasing the costs of our products. We beg your indulgence for delays. All orders go out promptly. Leaving room in your let-ter for answers to your questions will help us serve you better. Stamped self ad-dressed envelope for replies are greatly appreciated. CACTUS BOOKS "Cacti and Succulents and How to Grow Them" 68 pages and many photo-"Cacti for the Amateur" "Succulents for the Amateur"

| QUANTITY | PLEASE ORDER ALL COLLECTIONS BY NUMBER | No | C.O.D. |
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# CACTUS BOOKS

These fascinating plants have a most interesting and comprehensive literature. You are missing half the pleasure of this amazing hobby if you do not have these illustrated and in structive reference books to turn to when you want to learn further about your acquisitions or intended purchases. You will learn more about the countries from which they come, about the conditions under which they grow and what other amateurs have learned about them. Books are getting scarcer and in the past year many have been sold out and are not available.

#### THE CULTIVATION OF SUCCULENTS

#### THE STUDY OF CACTI

By Vera Higgins, M.A., F.L.S.

For those who want to know more about For those who want to know more about their plants. This is a simply written book, easily understood by the beginner, yet at the same time is technically accurate. Fine chapters on cultivation, on why plants have Latin names, descriptions of cactus genera or groups and classification. If you really want to know the why and the wherefore, this is your book. Revised 1946 edition. Postpaid.....\$3.00

#### MAMILLARIA HANDBOOK

#### BRAZIL AND ITS COLUMNAR CACTI

A splendid account of a trip through Brazil looking for Cacti by a famous botanist, Dr. Werdermann. Postpaid...... \$3.15

#### CACTUS AND SUCCULENT JOURNAL

Join the Cactus and Succulent Society of America and receive the monthly illustrated

Subscripton and Membership, \$3.00

#### ORCHID CACTI **EPIPHYLLUM HANDBOCK**

#### THE STAPELIEAE

All there is to know about the Starfish Flowers and their allies. 1,233 photos and many colored plates. Three deluxe volumes, 1,200 pages. Buckrum binding. \$12.50

#### THE EUPHORBIEAE

Two new volumes on the succulent South African Euphorbias. 1,000 pages, 1,100 photos. Express collect...

#### **CULTURE FOLDERS**

A series of small folders in which I have described the general care of special groups of succulents, etc.

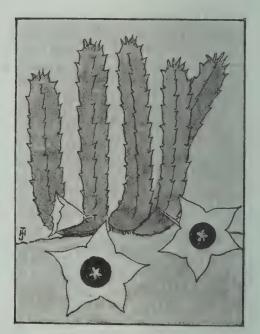
Stonefaces and other Mimicry Plants. Their culture and other notes..... Starfish Flowers. How to care for a collection, propagation, etc.

Euphorbias. Their culture and growth.....10c Mexican Succulents. Echeveria, Pachyphytum, etc. Their care......10c

#### THE BEGONIAN

A monthly 24 page illustrated magazine devoted to Begonias and other shade loving plants. Address: The Begonian, 1618 Fickeworth Avenue, El Monte, California.

\$1.50



RED DRAGON FLOWER

The pretty Huernia Schneideriana bears deli-cately beautiful flowers with velvety red petals and black center. Flowers all Summer, moderand black center, Flowers all Sun ate waterings. Sun or semi-shade. ate waterings. Sun or s Plants 35c and......

#### CEROPEGIA

The Ceropegias are trailing, climbing or shrubby plants with odd, often beautiful blossoms. Some have tubers, others fleshy roots. Enjoy a light rich loam soil and moderate to plenty of water when growing. Sun or shade. Ceropegia Barkleyi. Leaves silver marked. 35c. C. caffrorum. Long pendant stems. Tuberous. Each, 40c. C. debilis. Narrow leaves on long pendant stems. 35c. C. radicans. Lovely large white, chocolate and green flowers. Fleshy roots. 50c. C. Sandersonii. Handsome spotted large white flowers looking like parachutes. Vigorous climber. Rare. 75c.

#### CASTERIA

These are handsome succulents, generally with spotted or mottled leaves. Fine for specimens. There are a great many kinds.

Gasteria acinacifolia. Lovely marked leaves.
50c. G. Armstrongli. Curious thick recurved leaves. 50c. G. carinata. Very large grower. 50c.
G. Herreana. New. Mottled. 50c. G. conspurcata. 50c. G. maculata. 50c. G. trigona. 50c.
G. verrucosa, 50c.



#### **BUTTON CACTUS**

| Mamillaria Bullardiana. Pretty hookspined species. Tall branching. Clusters, \$1.50 and \$1.00. 2-inch40c |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mamillaria calacantha. 2-3 inch, \$1.00. Nice                                                             |
| Mamillaria carnea. Pretty pink flowers25c                                                                 |
| Mamillaria carnea rosea. Each                                                                             |
| Mamillaria centricirrha rosea. Each40c                                                                    |
| Mamillaria chionocephala. Nice35c                                                                         |
| Mamillaria compressa. Green with whitish spines                                                           |
| Mamillaria confusa. 2-inch flowering, 50c. Smaller25c                                                     |
| Mamillaria dumetorum. Rare species35c                                                                     |
| Mamillaria durispina. 1½-inch, 35c. Smaller25c                                                            |

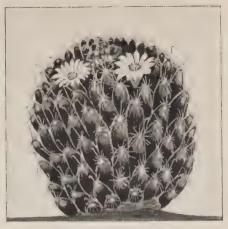


#### **COTTON CACTUS**

The Cotton Cactus is covered with woolly white hair.

Mamillaria longicomma grows rapidly and may reach a diameter of 2 inches. Flowers cream, followed by long, curving dark red berries. Moderate waterings and a light location. Larger specimens, 35c.

25c



#### MORNING STAR CACTUS

A pale green plant with tiny hooked spines. Mamilaria pygmaea flowers freely in the Spring and is very pretty. The bright red berries follow shortly. It has fat, stubby roots. Thrives in partial shade with moderate watering. 35c and.



#### FISH HOOK PINCUSHION

Mamillaria ebenecantha. Rare. Bright green

Mamillaria Galeottii. A distinct and hand-some variety with long curved chestnut spines, Orange red flowers. Quick grower. 11/2-inch, 35c; smaller ......25c



#### GRIZZLY BEAR

Mamillaria gigantea. A very large growing species with many nipples. 2-inch......50c

Mamilaria guerreronis. Rare, white spin-

Mamillaria Hamilton Hoytae. A rare brilliant carmine flowered species. Top full of white cotton,  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 inch flowering. Fine plants ......75c

Mamillaria Haseltonii. New species, white haired. Small 3/4-1 inch ......50c

Mamillaria Herrerae. Lovely snow white species. The whitest of all. Mature.....\$1.00

Mamillaria hidalgensis. Fine red flowers. Tall growing. 3-inch, 75c. Small 2-inch 35c and 25c



#### LADY FINGERS

One of the daintiest of all, with golden yellow spine clusters tipping each nipple. Branches very freely, well grown specimens may have 100 arms, which maintain their bright clear golden color for many years. Often produces 5-10 arms the first year. Nice clusters, 3-5 heads, 35c; 6-10 heads, 25c



PEANUT CACTUS

PINCUSHION

Easy to grow fast, forming many headed specimens. Flowers when small, large, bright red, Each 25c low. Each 25c lo

BIRD'S NEST RED DRAGON

CHRISTMAS

FLOWERING PINCUSHION

CURIOSITY COLLECTION No. R16. The above six plants. You will enjoy planting this easily grown group in a pot or \$1.25



#### SILKEN PINCUSHION Mamillaria bombycina



#### JELLY BEANS

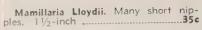
A cute new variety of the Thimble Cactus. Mam, fragilis minima bears harmless tiny white spines and numberless tiny branches which fall off 25c and soon root. Each.

Mamillaria Hoffmanniana. A very pretty neat plant with red flowers and some white wool..25c Mamillaria Karwinskiana. Dark green plant with black spines. Heads branch with age....25c Mamillaria Kunthii. Specimens. 3-4 in...\$1.00 Mamillaria Kunzeana. A Powder Puff vari-

SEEDLING CACTUS HOUSE

We have 25,000 square feet of greenhouses and frames to shelter the tiny seedlings while they are getting started. In them a million and a half little fellows are daily watered and cared for from newly sprouted seed to those large and vigorous enough to enter your garden. It takes a full year and a half to two years to get them past babyhood and to a point where they can more or less take care of themselves. Thousands of additional feet of lathhouse and outdoor space are needed to take care of the larger plants and the hardier Succulents that are growing here. Fifteen to twenty persons are employed in their care.





Mamillaria melanocentra. Long central spines tipped with black. Rose red flowers, 2-3 inches flowering..........75c

Mamillaria microhelia. Lovely golden yellow spines. A handsome small

Mamillaria mystax. A handsome flowering species. 3-in., \$1. Smaller..50c

Mamillaria nigra. Flowering, 2-3 inch, 50c. Pretty young 1-inch plants, ea...25c

Mamillaria Parkinsonii brevispina. Fine white spined variety ......25c

Mamillaria phaeacantha. Nice bright

MAMILLARIA DEALBATA

A handsome cluster forming species with short white spines and bearing crimson red blossoms in April, followed by scarlet pods. Likes a sunny position with moderate waterings. 2-3 inches, \$1.00. Nice 1-inch



**BUTTER PINCUSHION** 





#### BIRD'S NEST Mamillaria Camptotricha

Feathery yellow spines that are papery soft and harmless. The plant is much given to clustering young plants pushing out from the sides. Flowers pale yellow. Will do well in sun or partial shade. Give it a sandy soil and moderate waterings, 3-inch clusters, \$1.00. 2-inch, 50c. \$1.00. 2-inch, Nice, 35c and. 25c



Mamillaria perbella lanata. White..25c

Mamillaria polythele. Tall growing...35c

Mamillaria Pfeifferi. Fine yellow species. Nice 1-11/2 inches......35c

40c

35c

50c

#### MAMILLARIA MARTINEZII



#### OWL'S EYES



#### HER ORCHID CACTUS HAD 40 BLOOMS

Mrs. W. E. Gilbert, of Quincy, Illinois, has en a customer of ours for 10 years. The Orchid actus was in bloom till Christmas. A nice collec-on, well cared for.



3-inch, 50c; nice, 35c and .... Mamillaria rhodantha chrysantha. Yellow spines. Nice plants,  $1-1\frac{1}{2}$  inches......35c

Mamillaria rhodantha rubra. Variety......35c Mamillaria Ritteriana. Rare species from Coahuila. Small plants .......50c



#### ROSE PINCUSHION

A lovely flowering species and my favorite. Flowers intense violet-red, produced in profusion in May and June. Even the tiniest plants flower. The flowers are quite the largest and open widely. Easily grown. Sandy loam, moderate watering.

35c



#### RAINBOW PINCUSHION

Mamillaria Sartorii. Handsome red flowered species. Plant flattened, bearing many short nipples. Large 75c. Smaller flowering, 50c and. 35c

Mamillaria Schelhasei. White woolly something like the Powder Puff.......35c

**Mamillaria sempervivi.** Many short nipples. Flowers pink. Top white.  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inches......40c Mamillaria Sheldonii. Rare hook spined. Large pink flowers. Fine.......35c .....35 с

Mamillaria sonorensis Hiltonii. Brilliant carmine flowers. Axils bearing much white wool. Handsome in flowering. Flowering, 1½-2 inch. 75c; smaller flowering .....



#### DIADEM CACTUS

Mamillaria Werdermanniana

#### **GNOMES PINCUSHION**

A cute small growing species, Mamillaria decipiens branches profusely, soon being almost smothered in youngsters. Flowers freely when small, the clusters spangled with white stars. Very easy to grow. Young plants may be detached with roots. Nice flowering plants,

35c and.

25c



Mamillaria spinosissima sanguinea. A very lovely species seldom seen. Fine bright spines tipped red. Plants,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inch, 75c; smaller..35c

Mamillaria supertexta. A choice white spined variety making a splendid show specimen. Rare. 21/2-3 inches, \$1; smaller, 50c and....35c

Mamillaria tetracantha. A free flowering variety. Much white wool in crown. 2½-3 inches, 50c; smaller, 35c and 25c Mamillaria trichacantha. Rare hook spined species with white flowers. Nice, 1½-2 inches,

50c: smaller 35c

Mamillaria Trohartii. Rare variety of Mam. phymatothele. Plant dark green, nipples large. Flowers red. Very nice ......35c

Mamillaria uncinata. Stout hooked spines Large 2-inch flowering ......50c

Mamillaria Waltheri. Low flat topped. inch .....50c

Mamillaria Webbiana ..... 30c Mamillaria yucatanensis. Very rare yellow

spined species



#### MAMILLARIA CELSIANA

An attractive species with pale yellow spines, the space between the nipples filled with soft white wool. Flowers bright red-pink in Spring. With age it forms most beautiful clusters. Though it grows easily, it is not a common plant. Fine colorful specimens for show purposes. 2-2½ inches, \$1.00 each.

Mamillaria Zahniana. Rare species. 11/2-inch.

Mamillaria Zeheriana. Rare black spined species. Small ....

Mamillaria Zephyranthoides. Very rare.

#### **DELUXE CACTUS GARDEN** COLLECTION R6

28 choice Cacti and Succulents. A fine selection of the beautiful and odd. You will be more pleased with this than your own selection. Living Rocks, Mamillarias, Old Men, Barrel Cacti, Echeverias, etc. 28 fine plants labelled, postpaid.



#### **OLD LADY CACTUS**

Mamillaria Hahniana

The plant has long silken white hair which places this superb species in a class by itself. The snow white hair increases in length and thickness with age. It makes a fine show specimen and always attracts attention. It is easy to grow, preferring a sandy loam soil, moderate waterings and a light or sunny position. It is a mountain species and is sometimes seen growing in the cornfields of the Mexicans.

50c



#### **GOLDEN STARS**

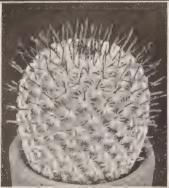
The lovely popular Mamillaria elongata should be in every collection. Each nipple tipped with a shining golden star. Young plants are soon formed in abundance about the base. Specimens may reach 6 inches, with 100 arms. Quite sandy soil, partial shade. 25c

#### JOHNSON'S CACTUS FOOD

Try it on specimens that have not flowered. Use moderately.



#### MOTHER OF HUNDREDS Mamillaria compressa



#### VAUPEL'S PINCUSHION Mamillaria Vaupelii



#### **PINCUSHION** Mamillaria kewensis



#### INDIAN HEAD

#### **ASTROPHYTUM**

To this grand group belong some of the most popular and pretty cacti found in Mexico. All are very free flowering, producing blossoms all Spring and Summer. They are all small or medium sized globular cacti, and seem particularly happy in cultivation. Their unique shapes and textures make them appear as though carved from stone. No collection can be without them. Highly recommended.

CULTURE. They grow readily in the window garden and are not too particular, liking a sunny position if you have it. Give them a sandy soil and during the Summer growing period an occasional application of Cactus Food. Moderate waterings, allowing them to become dry between waterings. This is important with all cacti and is the best of all insurance for success and blossoms. I have found them to enjoy a little lime in the form of old mortar or powdered dry eggshells. Our Cactus Compost contains lime. A sprinkling of Cactus Charcoal helps to keep the soil sweet and open. If you do not have these things do not let that deter you. They are truly easily grown.

BISHOP'S CAP. Astrophytum myriostigma. Illustrated next page in color. One of the most attractive and free flowering of cacti, blooming several times during the Summer. Everyone can flower it. Put it in a sunny window and it will reward you with its cheerful yellow blossoms many times. Mature flowering 3-inch, \$1.00. Nice, 1½-inch, 35c. Pretty 1-inch plants....25c

# **ECHINOCACTUS**

# Fascinating Barrel Cacti

THE BARREL CACTI form a large natural group, including most of those with round or short THE BARREL CACTI form a large natural group, including most of those with round or short stems and bearing accordion-like ridges or sometimes chins or nipples. They are found from the United States all the way down to Patagonia. Mexico is particularly rich in the larger kinds. Many bear lovely blossoms, as the Rebutias, Notocacti, Parodias, Chin Cacti, etc. I have described here also most globular kinds, though technically some are more closely related to the Cerei. The pleated effect of the ridged stems, well shown by Bishop's Cap, opposite, allows them to expand rapidly when the rains fall without bursting. The flowers are regular and wheel shaped generally, though not always, borne among the younger areoles at the top. Those bearing nipples often have the flowers on the tips, as does the curious Leuchtenbergia. They grow from sea level to high in the mountains, for in the Andes I found them as high as 14,000 feet, where it is cold even in Summer. The blossoms of these mountain species are of lovely bright colors. It was interesting to find them in such unlikely places. Surprising to me also so high were the emerald green parakeets. The whole group are most interesting to the fancier. The beauty and symmetry of even the smallest seedlings plus their handsome flowers make them unsurpassed.

CULTURE. The greatest number of Barrel Cacti grow readily in the window garden without special care. They like a porous loam soil and I find they all grow well in 2 parts sand, 1 part crumbly loam, 1 part leafmold or our Cactus Compost. A sprinkling of coarse charcoal helps to keep the soil open. When these light soils are used the danger from overwatering is reduced to a minimum. Many of our customers have had remarkable success with our Sand Culture Kit. See page 17. After 40 years of growing cacti I am convinced that very sandy soils and planting with the base at soil level and not buried does away with most cultural difficulties. The beginner should always start this way.



#### SAND DOLLAR

Astrophytum asterias (Natural size)



#### **RED CROWN**

The Crown Cacti are a very lovely group, generally of small growth and unbelievably floriferous when well grown. Rebutia senilis bears vivid red blossoms an inch across and I have seen specimens with almost 100 flowers open at once, not to mention buds and withered flowers. They are excellent subjects for grafting. The plants are clothed with tiny white spines and are attractive at all times. They do best in sandy loam soil with moderate to generous waterings shaded from the sun in the hottest part of the day.

25c

#### MATUCANA HAYNEI



Four Sided Bishop's Cap. Astro. myrio. tetragona. This unusual variety comes quite true and is just as free in flowering as the five sided species. Small plants, each........35c

Astrophytum myriostigma coahui-lensis. Whiter than the type and a slow grower. Rare. each..... \$1.00

#### MEXICAN LIVING ROCK

It is a thrill to see the lovely blossoms It is a thrill to see the lovely blossoms this singular plant produces among its horny tubercles. Ariocarpus fissuratus could hardly look less like a living thing. The tough horny skin is brown, through which the underlying green shows faintly. It will generally flower for you the first year. The triangular horny tubercles each bear a hair filled groove. Plant in coarse sand and place in a sunny location. Need sand and place in a sunny location. Need little water in Winter, moderate amounts in hot Summer weather. Specimens, 75c. Mature flowering, 1½-2½ inches, each.....



#### **GOLDEN BALL**

The lovely golden haired Notocactus Leninghausii is a great favorite and deservedly popular. It is one of our choicest plants. Old plants may be over a foot in height. Sandy loam, moderate to generous waterings, sun or shade if well lighted. Handsome specimens, 3-4 inches, \$1.00. Fine colorful plants. 25c



#### HARDY HEDGE HOG CEREUS



#### WHITE CHIN CACTUS

A rare and fine plant, dark green in color and bearing heavy spines. Charming pink and white blossoms in early Summer. Gymnocalycium Schickendantzii grows readily in sandy soil with moderate watering. Large 2-inch \$1.00. Smaller 50c and \$5c\$



#### LEMON BALL

The very freest blooming and easiest to grow, Notocactus submanmulosus should be in every collection. Light soil with moderate waterings increased when growing. Flowers for weeks, Mature 3-4 inches, §1.25. Smaller, 35c.

25c



#### CLORY OF TEXAS

Gorgeous, crepe-like, brilliant pink blossoms over 2½ inches across. Blooms from Spring to Fall. Flowers for everybody. Light soil with moderate watering. Thelocactus bicolor, flowering size, 3 to 4 inches, each 50c. Flowering, 2-3 inches.

\$1.15

## SELECT COLLECTION No. R17.

One Each of Illustrated Cacti. Four Plants.....

#### **STROMBOCACTUS**

A very rare and slow growing genus from Mexico. Plants flattened-globular with very few spines. Flowers white. Strictly collectors' items. They need full sun and sand or very sandy soil, watering only when quite



#### PINK EASTER LILY CACTUS

Echinopsis multiplex (Half Natural Size)



BISHOP'S CAP

Astrophytum myriostigma (Natural Size)

ASTROPHYTUM CAPRICORNE. A splendid species with very handsome golden yellow blossoms, each with a red band in the throat. The flowers are 2-3 inches in diameter, the petals the texture of china silk. Grows to 4 inches in diameter, the coppery green body flecked with white, spines papery and curling. This year we will have a few nice young, 1-inch plants Fach.

Astrophytum capricorne senilis. More feath ery spines. Large. Each.....

#### **PYRRHOCACTUS**

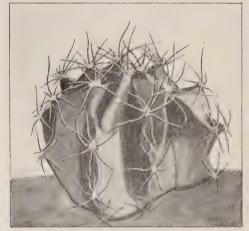
The Flame Cacti are very rare in collections. They are a most interesting group found in Chile and Argentina. The plants are globular, with heavily tubercled ribs and stout spines. The very freely borne flowers are funnel-form, dark red in color. They are fine plants and grow well in sandy soil with moderate waterings and a sunny position.

Pyrrhocactus umadeave. The plant we have 

## **ARIOCARPUS**

Different from all other cacti. See color plate page 24. Very curious plants with handsome flowers. Plants bear tubercles, short or in some nipple-like. These rare species are real show plants. Plant in sand, watering when dry. Like full sun. Only a few large imported

| Ariocarpus | furfuraceous. 3-4 inch. Flower-<br>\$2.00 |
|------------|-------------------------------------------|
|            | Kotschoubeyanus. Flowering\$1.50          |
|            | McDowelii. Flowering\$1.50                |
| Ariocarpus | retusus. Large plants\$2.00               |
| Ariocarpus | Lloydii. Rare. Large\$2.00                |
| Ariocarpus | scapharostrus. Rare. Mature\$2.00         |
| Ariocarpus | trigonus. Flowering\$2.00                 |



MELON CACTUS
Ferocactus electracanthus
A fine quick-growing Barrel Cactus from Mexico.
The yellow and red spines are strongly curved. Very easily grown, and one of the most popular of this fine group. Mature plants reach over a foot in diameter. Flowers yellow, body of plant pale green, contrasting prettily with the red or yellow spines. Grows rapidly fin a sandy soil in sun or very light position. Each.





#### CRIMSON PARODIA

Parodia sanguiniflora (Natural Size)

The Parodias baguinniora (Astural Size)

The Parodias bear large and bright blossoms, this species being particularly lovely, with brilliant ruby red flowers which shine in the sunlight. It seldom exceeds the size of a small orange with tiny dark hooked spines. They are found in the less arid mountains of Argentina. Thrives in sandy soil, partial sunlight, with moderate waterings. Four year old, 1¼-1½ inch specimens, 50c.

Three year, 1-inch specimens.

#### FRAILIA

| riama   | Stacining, I all                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |     |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Frailia | Grahliana. Clustering                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 25c |
| Frailia | Dadakii. Slow growing                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 50c |
| Frailia | pseudopulcherrima. Clustering                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 25c |
| Frailia | Schilinzkiana. Clustering                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 30c |
|         | The state of the s |     |



#### **FRAILIAS**

At the left is F. gracillima, which grows to finger size, eventually branching. Forms seed pods abundantly. At the right, F. Grahliana, a globular form with green body, but the nipples tipped with maroon. This little plant produces many young ones about the base which root to make a colony. Ea... 25c



#### HEDGE HOG BARREL CACTI

#### **ECHINOCACTUS**

Those who have traveled across our South Western deserts are familiar with these Barrels. They are found in the driest regions here and in Mexico and often grow to huge size. The ribs are waved with heavy curved spines. The tops are full of white wool through which the flowers pregree. the flowers emerge.

CULTURE. They are quite shallow rooted and grow easily in sandy soil and sunny position. A moderate amount of water suits them.

Echinocactus Palmeri. A very fine species, blue body, dark reddish spines. Grows rapidly. Becomes enormous. 1-inch. Each..........25c



#### **ROSE CHIN CACTUS**

#### Gymnocalycium Urselianum

#### **MALACOCARPUS**

A rare genus of South American depressed globular, ribbed cacti with appressed spines. Flowers bright yellow, appearing in the densely white woolly crown. May reach 5-6 inches in diameter. Give them a sandy soil, moderate watering and a trace of shade in Summer.

Malacocarpus corynodes. Very recently intro-

Malacocarpus pauciareolatus. A handsome dark green plant with few sharp low ridges and few spines. Flowers shining yellow. Specimens 8 years old, 2½-3 inches. Flowering......\$1.50

Malacocarpus Sellowii (M. tetracanthus). rare species with sharp low ribs, heavily spined. Plants 1-11/2 inches, each.......75c

At Left:

#### ORANGE COB CACTUS

Lobivia famatamensis

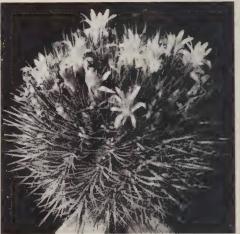
A lovely flowered Argentinian cactus forming clusters. Flowers of various shades of orange, yellow and crimson. Particularly good for grafting. Flowers freely, liking full sun, moderate waterings. Flowering size, 2-inch, 75c. Smaller, 1½-inch, 50c.

Nice 1-1¼ inch, each

35c



#### DAMS CHIN CACTUS



#### CHILENIA HETERACANTHA

A scarce and charming spiny cactus producing a myriad of bright pink blossoms from October to January. Very vivid when in flower. A most attractive plant at all times. Grows quickly in a light sandy soil with moderate waterings, thrives best with some sun. Sure to flower. Small plants, 1-inch... 40c

#### CHILENIA

A very handsome genus with bright pink to deep cerise flowers. They bear an extraordinary number of blossoms, often two at an areole, and bloom when comparatively small. They are very spiny, cylindrical plants, with low tubercled ribs. May reach a foot in height. Native to Chile.

Chilenia accutissima. An attractive, vigorous plant reaching a foot in height. Spines straight, brown and stiff. Flowers rose-pink, large for the genus. Nice plants, 75c. Smaller......40c

Chilenia heteracantha. See photo above....40c

Chilenia subgibbosa. A very fine species with bright flowers and tawny spines. Nice plants, 75c. Small ......

#### PINE CONE CACTUS

Encephalocarpus strobiliformis

A very rare and curious plant with triangular, strongly incurved nipples. Related to the Mexican Living Rock. Plant silvery green, hard and parchment like. Flowers handsome, large, violet rose. Imported fully mature flowering specimens. \$2.00



#### VIOLET EASTER LILY CACTUS



#### SUN CUPS



#### **AGAVE CACTUS**

#### **BARREL CACTUS FEROCACTUS**

These are familiar to travelers in the desert mountains of the South West and Mexico. In the clean, dry desert air the spines of many assume the brighest hues of red or yellow. At first they are globular, but with age become tall, cylindric. A sandy soil, moderate watering and well lighted position suits them.

Ferocactus Covillei. A choice colorful plant with hooked spines Nice.......35c

Ferocactus electracanthus. Melon Cactus. Long fishhook-like spines, red and yellow. One of the prettiest and best. Nice 25c

Ferocactus Lecontei. Quite scarce. Globular to 16 inches in diameter. Each....50c



#### STRIPED CHIN CACTUS

Gymnocalycium Mihanovichii (Natural Size)
Beautifully striped green and marcon, this is one
of the loveliest dwarf cacti and will flower in any
window from early Spring till late Fall. The blossoms
are pale yellow, sometimes tinged with chocolate or
pink. Large flowering, 2-inch, each, \$1. 1½-2
inch specimens, 75c. Smaller flowering, 35c and... 25c

Ferocactus pilosus. (Stainesii.) A fine colorful species with reddish spines and with age long white hairs at the areoles. Flowers or-

Ferocactus Pringlei. A vigorous species from Mexico, with reddish spines. Each.....25c

Giant Spined Barrel. Ferocactus rectispinus. The longest spined of all cacti. With age spines may reach 9 inches! Young spines red. Very pretty small plants ..... 30c

Ferocactus uncinatus. Very large mature flowering specimens. 6-8 inches......\$1.50

**Ferocactus viridescens.** A pretty small growing species, 4-6 inches in diameter, quite broad and very flat. Grows near the seashore.

Ferocactus viscainensis. A rare species from Lower California. Red spined. Each......35c

#### OVER 100 KINDS IN HER COLLECTION

I have been buying plants from you since 1937 and have a very nice collection of over 100 different kinds, and practically all came from your gardens.

MRS. ELIZABETH McCURDY, Beeville. Texas.



#### NOTOCACTUS MAMMULOSUS

This favorite has lively yellow blossoms, each petal like satin. Surprisingly free flowering. Very accommodating, thriving in sun or partial shade, liking a sandy loam soil and moderate to generous waterings. Large flowering specimens, 2-3 inch, \$1.00 each. Smaller 3-4 year old, 50c.

Nice plants, 35c and.

#### ISLAYA

The Islayas are globular plants to 8 inches with pretty yellow blossoms and large inflated pink fruits. They are found in Southern Peru.

Islaya islayensis. Rare. Small.....\$1.00



#### SACRED MUSHROOM LOPHOPHORA WILLIAMSII

A living rock from Mexico. A smooth grey or bright blue plant with tufts of hairs in place of spines. Flowers plnk. For centuries our Indians have used the dried tops of the plants, called also Peyote or Dry Whisky, in their religious rituals. It produces an illusion of colors On the adventurous white man it has no appreciable effect! The plant has a long carrotlike root and grows readily in sandy soil with moderate waterings. Sun or part shade. Mature flowering imported plants. 1½-2½ inches, each... 50c

#### ANGEL TRUMPETS

Echinopsis spiniflora





#### **VIOLET SEA URCHIN**

Acanthocalycium violaceum (Two-thirds Natural Size)

#### **THELOCACTUS** NIPPLE CACTI

The Nipple Cacti form a very fine and interesting group to which the Glory of Texas belongs. Most of them are quite rare in collections, as mature plants must be imported. They differ among themselves in appearance, but all have very handsome flowers. Some are flattopped, others conical. They bear nipples though do not have the appearance of Mamillarias, as the nipples are broad based or on spiralled ridges. The flowers are borne on the very young tubercles and are pink or white.

Thelocactus bicolor. Glory of Texas, page 29.

Thelocactus leucanthus. Somewhat similar to T. bicolor. Flowers yellow......75c

Thelocactus lophothele. A large, flat-topped, heavy nippled plant, curious shredded spines. Flowers salmon. Large specimens.........\$2.00

Thelocactus nidulans. Bird's Nest Thelocactus. Large heavy nippled plant. Long, shredded, interlaced spines. Nice flowering plants....\$2.00

Thelocactus subterraneus. Mature plants \$1.00



## **NOTOCACTUS** BALL CACTI

Some of the loveliest and most fascinating of cacti are in this group. Practically all of them bear fine flowers in reds or yellows. Some of the very prettiest cacti as regards colorful spine patterns are among them. Those who are familiar with the Golden and Silver Balls will appreciate this. They are all moderate in size when mature, seldom reaching more than a foot in height. All are native to Southern Brazil, Argentina and adjacent states. Notocactus means southern cactus.

CULTURE. They are not very choosey and thrive in sandy soils, sun or partial shade with moderate waterings. They appreciate Cactus Food two or three times during the Summer.

Notocactus apricus. Sun Cups. See page 27 for illus-

Notocactus caespitosus. A newly introduced species with large yellow blossoms. Very rare. Forms colonies. Specimens, \$1.00; smaller \_\_\_\_\_\_50c

Notocactus floricomus. A pretty variety with stout spines and large yellow blossoms. Nice, 50c and......35c

**Notocactus Graessneri.** Yellow Ball. A handsome species thickly covered with pale yellow spines. Charming. Specimens, 2 inches, **75c**;  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches, **50c**; smaller....**35c** 

Notocactus Grossei. A very rare species similar to N. Schumannianus, but fewer spines and ribs. Small........75c



#### WALLFLOWER CROWN CACTUS

The lovely Rebutias are small plants, flowering freely in early Summer. The delicate flowers come from near the base and are very brilliant in coloring. This species has bright wallflower red flowers. Likes a sunny window and moderate watering.

50c

Notocactus Hasselbergii. A truly lovely collectors plant, thickly covered with glossy white spines and crowned in March and April with vivid orange-red blossoms. Large 2-2½-inch specimens, \$1.50. Smaller flowering specimens, 1½-inch, each \$1.00

Notocactus Linckii. A rare and desirable species with large yellow blossoms. Large flowering specimens, 2 inches, each \$1.00. Smaller,

Notocactus mammulosus. See page 27.

Notocactus Mueller-Melchersii. The true spe-

Notocactus muricatus. A very rare and attractive plant. Spines are rich chestnut red in well grown specimens. Small, each.........50c

Notocactus Ottonis. Page 24.

Notocactus Ottonis longispinus. Distinct va-



#### GOLDEN EASTER LILY CACTUS

Bearing handsome, large bright yellow flowers. It flowers very freely and with us every bed is shining with blossoms. I consider Lobivia aurea one of the choicest varieties and recommend it fully. It grows easily in light loam with moderate waterings and almost full sun suits it. Fine 5-year-old flowering specimens, \$1.50.

Smaller flowering, 75c and 40c

#### SOLISIA

The genus Solisia is monotypic and is found near Tehuacan, Mexico. Though long known to collectors, it is seldom seen. The plants are small, with almost microscopic white spines borne on lenticular, low nipples. The flowers are white or pale pink with a dark central stripe. They grow easily in sandy soil with moderate waterings and sun or well lighted location.

#### STRAWBERRY CACTUS



PYGMY EASTER LILY Echinopsis hamatacantha

This lovely little species bears pink tinted blossoms several times during the Summer. These are mountain plants and like a little shade during the hottest part of the day. The plants bear harmless spines and grow quite freely, flowering when small. Seldom reach 3 inches across. Like sandy loam and moderate 25ct ogenerous waterings. Each 35c and



#### NOTOCACTUS TABULARIS

Notocactus scopa. See page 25.

Notocactus submammulosus. Lemon Ball. See color illustration, page 25.

**Notocactus tabularis.** A fine flowering species, with reddish bristles. See illustration above.

Notocactus Velanovskii. Similar to N. mammulosus. Nice

# MELOCACTUS TURKS' CAPS

These odd plants bear a curious bright red cap on their tops when ready to flower. It looks just like a Turk's fez. The plants are melon shaped, with many ribs. They are found on the islands of the Caribbean and in Central and South America. They enjoy warm weather, a quite sandy loam and moderate waterings. Give them a sunny location in a warm window.

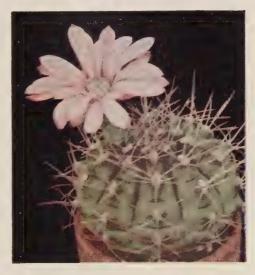
|        | Melocactus | intortus. Turk's Cap. 11/2-2 | inch- |
|--------|------------|------------------------------|-------|
| es     |            |                              | 75c   |
|        | Melocactus | Jansenianus, 1-inch          | 50c   |
|        |            | nobilis. I-inch              | 50c   |
|        |            | rubrispinus, 1-inch          | 50c   |
|        |            | spiralis. 1-inch             | 50c   |
|        |            | Townsendianus, 1-inch        | 50c   |
| · Dive |            |                              | 10    |



#### TOM THUMB



#### HYBRID EASTER LILY



#### PINK CHIN CACTUS

Gymnocalycium Fleischerianum (Natural Size)

A very floriferous variety with charming flowers, varying from white to pink. They come into flower in April and continue to late Fall. Our plants are rarely without blossoms. They blossom when an inch in diameter. Grow rapidly and easily, liking a sandy loam soil with feedings of Cactus Food. Protect from full midday sun. Flowering specimens, 1½ inches, each, 75c. Blooming, 50c. Nice plants, 1 to 1½ inches, each, 35c and 25c

#### **PARODIA**

Elegant globular plants bearing the brightest of blossoms, orange, yellow or red, often as large as the plant. They are mountain dwellers, found principally in Argentina. The plants seldom exceed 3 inches in diameter.

CULTURE. They are quite at home in the window garden and enjoy a sandy loam soil, sunny or partially shaded location and moderate waterings. Cactus Food applied two or three times during the Summer helps to keep them bright and thrifty.

Parodia aureispina. See opposite.

Parodia mutabilis. A fine species. See color illustration above right.

Parodia Johnson's Hybrids. A lovely group of hybrids varying in color from lemon-yellow to orange-red and red. Very pretty second generation crosses between P. aureispina and P. microsperma. Each



#### PARODIA MUTABILIS

(Natural Size)

#### REBUTIA **CROWN CACTI**

These brilliantly flowered small cacti bloom with the greatest profusion during Spring and Summer. The buds spring from near the soil line and at times almost smother the plants. The plants are branching and form nice colonies. Spines are bristle-like, the areoles set on low ribs. They are native to the Andes of Argentina and Bolivia.

CULTURE. They are quite at home in the window garden, liking a sandy loam soil with a little leaf-mold. Moderate waterings, but they do not like to get too dry. Do well in partial sun or in full sun if sheltered a little during the hottest part of Summer days.

Rebutia pseudodeminuta. Dark wallflower red flowers. Each .......75c

REBUTIA VIOLACIFLORA. One of the most brilliant flowered of all, with large rich orchid pink blossoms! Stunning. Pretty deep green plant forming small colonies, blooming abundant



INDIAN HEAD Notocactus Ottonis



#### WAIT A BIT

Our plants of Ancistrocactus Scheerii are mature flowering specimens and as nice a lot as we have had. It is a Spring bloomer. Easily grown, sandy loam, moderate waterings, sunny location. Large, 3-4 inches, each, 50a. Smaller specimens, 2-3 inches, each. 35c

#### GYMNOCALYCIUM CHIN CACTUS

Among the Chin Cacti are some of our prettiest plants as well as some that the beginner can flower with the greatest of ease. Many flower on the young growth—an advantage for the impatient. Thus as long as new growth is appearing flowers can be induced. They are native to South America, where they are found in the foothills and mountains. The lovely in the foothills and mountains. The lovely blossoms are in shades of white, pink, red and yellow and sometimes almost smother the plant. They are mostly small plants, seldom exceeding a small orange in size, though a few may become larger. Many bloom when hardly an inch in diameter. inch in diameter.

CULTURE. They are of the simplest culture, liking a sandy loam soil with 3 or 4 feedings of Cactus Food during Spring and Summer. Moderate waterings, with sun or a very light position, suit them well.

Gymnocalycium Anisitsii. Rare ......\$1.00 Cymnocalycium Baldianum. Pretty pink and white flowers. A very nice species. Large, \$1.00. Smaller flowering, each ................................50c

Cymnocalycium Bruchii. A lovely dwarf species forming cute little colonies of tiny white spined heads. Flowers large clear pink in color.

Cymnocalycium De Laetii. A large species with strong spines on stout ribs. Flowers from older areoles, white. Makes a choice specimen plant. Large 3-inch \$1.00. Smaller flowering. .50c

Gymnocalycium Fleischerianum. See page



#### **ECHINOCEREUS**

A very colorful group of North American cacti with large and brilliant flowers. They may be solitary or form large clusters of short cylindric arms, generally 4 to 10 inches tall. The bright flowers are borne in Spring and may range from yellow and pink to red, purple and crimson. A splendid group worth a place in the best collection. They are particularly fine for outside planting where temperatures do not fall below 20 degrees above zero. Light sandy soil, moderate watering in Summer, drier in Winter. Sunny roottion

Echinocereus amoenus. Handsome pink flowered species. Mature flowering imports.  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inches, each....\$1.00

Echinocereus DeLaetii. Few small 3-5 inch plants..\$1.00

Echinocereus Knippelianus. Fat spineless. Pink flow-Nice ...

Echinocereus longispinus. Handsome purple flowers. 25c and .50c Echinocereus Merkeri. Purple. Each... .50c Echinocereus papillosus. Handsome yellow flowers. Nice

25c .50c

Echinocereus Scheerii. Large purple. Each Echinocereus straminius. Handsome purple..... 50c Echinocereus subterraneous. Rare. New. Each......50c



#### HYBRID CHIN CACTUS

Gymnocalycium Friederickii. See front cov-

Gymnocalycium gibbosum Schlumbergii. Darker bronze green. Flowers white. Each.......50c
Gymnocalycium hyptiacanthum. A newly

Smaller 50c

Cymnocalycium leptanthum. A small blue-green plant with the largest flowers of all. Pink and white. Rare. Plants \$1.00. Smaller, each .

Smaller, each 50c

Gymnocalycium Monvillei. A beautiful yellow spined species, flowers pink or white. A fine plant, \$1.00 each. Smaller......50c

Gymnocalycium multiflorum. Grows to 4-5 inches in diameter. Flowers large white. Each Each

dark Gymnocalycium occultum. olive grey. Flowers pink and white. Nice plants ......50c

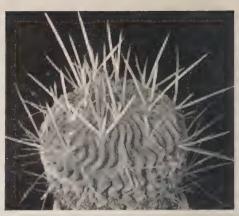
Gymnocalycium Quehlianum. See illustration below

Gymnocalycium Saglionis. The largest growing species, reaching 10 inches in diameter. A few plants only. 2-3 in., each..\$1.50

At Left:

#### **DWARF CHIN CACTUS**

Gymnocalycium Quehlianum



The Stenocacti are curious small cacti bearing many ribs and generally flat or stiff spines. Young plants at first look like Mamillarias, but shortly develop ribs. The flowers are pink or white, often striped with purple. They grow easily, liking a sunny location, quite sandy soil and moderate waterings.

35c



#### PELECYPHORA ASSELLIFORMIS

Cymnocalycium Schickendantzii, A large, heavily spined species with white blossoms in early Summer. Specimens, 2½-3 inches each, \$1.50. Smaller, 2 inches, \$1.00. Others 50c and

Gymnocalycium Urselianum. A pink or white, large flowered species. See illustration page 26

Cymnocalycium Venturianum. Flowers various shades of red. Flowering, each.....

Gymnocalycium Venturianum hybrids. Flow-



SNOW CUPS

Echinopsis Kratochviliana (Half Natural Size)
Dainty white ruffled blossoms borne in abundance.
A charming variety from the high mountains of Argentina. Likes a light loam soil and plenty of water in Summer. Moderate waterings in Winter. Semi-shade or sun. Blooms in May, June and July.

35c

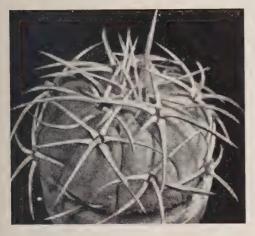


#### TOOTH PICK CACTUS

Ferocactus visnaga

The spines are used in Mexico for toothpicks. Very pretty as a small plant, the body blue-grey, and the crown often filled with wool. With age the plant makes a noble specimen, in fact, is pretty at all times. Very sandy soil, moderate to frugal waterings.

35c



#### EAGLE CLAWS

Echinocactus horizonthalonius

An old favorite, bearing handsome purple flowers in Summer. The blossoms arise from the very woolly crown. Spines stout, curved, often red. Plant bluegreen. From western Texas. Enjoys a light sandy soil and full sunlight. Specimens, 4-5 inches, each, 75c. Flowering specimens, 2½-3½ inches.

#### **OBREGONIA**

A rare and peculiar cactus, with curious sharply angled, incurving, imbricate silvery green nipples. The apex is filled with wool, among which the white flowers appear. It thrives in sand or very sandy soil, liking a sunny location. A very slow grower. Native of Mexico. The genus contains but one species.



#### AN ATTRACTIVE LATHHOUSE

Mrs. Jean S. Painter, of Mt. Pleasant, Pa., writes: "A picture of my new lathhouse so you can see how your plants look away from home. They are all plants I have gotten from you, some as long as ten years ago." A lathhouse is fine for Summer care.

## EASTER LILY CACTI

#### **ECHINOPSIS**

These are old favorites for window gardens. These are old favorites for window gardens. The blossoms are shaped somewhat like Easter Lilies, but with many rows of ruffled petals. The flowers are white or various shades of pink and quite large, some up to 10 inches. The plants range from 2 inches to as much as 18 inches in height when very old. They flower profusely even when small, and I have counted fifteen 8-inch blossoms open on one plant. Quite a sight! They have been hybridized and lately we have raised some very lovely varieties with orange-pink or red flowers. They are mostly native to Argentina.

CULTURE. They have strong root systems and are vigorous growers. In pots I prefer to grow them in a sandy loam soil, feeding them lightly 3 or 4 times during Spring and Summer with our Cactus Food. Repot every second year, washing the roots clean and trimming them back. They are greatly invigorated and bloom more abundantly when so treated. Repotting cacti at the commencement of the growing season retards them very little. If the root systems are damaged by improper soil, too much watering or the iniquitous nematode repotting is surprisingly effective in rehabilitating them.

Echinopsis Heavenly Twins, Curious double-tubed flowers of pale pink, an old favorite. Larger, 2-3 inches, \$1.00. Smaller......50c



#### GOLDEN BARREL

Echinocactus Grusonii

These form beautiful golden globes with age and are spectacularly beautiful specimens. A great favorite with collectors. The young plants bear nipples instead of ridges, gradually assuming their mature character. Pretty at all stages with their bright shining yellow spines. Like a very sandy soil, moderate watering and sun or semi-shade. Easy and quick growers.

50c

Echinopsis Kratochviliana. Snow white. Small E. Kratochviliana × Lobivia Backebergii. Nice rosy red flowers. Large plants......50c

Echinopsis leucorhodantha. Small species.

**Echinopsis Los Angeles.** A handsome green, almost spineless plant with huge frilled dark pink blossoms. Grows to large size.................50c

Echinopsis Makla. Pink flowered hybrid..75c Echinopsis obrepanda. Rare. Each......75c

**Echinopsis Sylvestrii.** Very spiny plant. Large ruffled white flowers. Large  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 inches, \$1.00. Smaller,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 inches ......50c

Echinopsis turbinata. Lovely white blos-



#### STAR CACTUS Astrophytum ornatum

Every collection should have this handsome and easily grown old favorite. It is beautifully flecked with a myriad of snowflakes which are really microscopic spine clusters. Large lemon-yellow flowers. Grows freely in sandy loams. Sunny location or part shade. Large, 4-5 inches, \$2.00.



PLAID CACTUS

Gymnocalycium Mihanovichii stenogonum

A brightly banded form of this lovely Chin Cactus.

The sharp ribs are barred maroon, the body of the plant pale silvery green or olive. Flowers pale yellow or chocolate, borne from June to October. They flower when quite small. May eventually reach 3 inches in diameter. All this group of Chin Cacti are most satisfactory for the beginner. Four year old plants, 1½ to 2 inches, each, \$1.00. Smaller flowering.

35c.

#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**

For those who have good clear snapshots of their collections which we can use in this catalog, we offer a collection of 25 cacti and succulents, our selection, or a \$5.00 credit. We much prefer pictures with you in it. Every collector is interested in your collection. If you want to answer correspondence tell me if you want your address published if the photo is used. Interesting window arrangements show used. Interesting window arrangements show others what can be done. We are all interested in your successes



#### "ANOTHER CACTUS ENTHUSIAST"

"I have had so much enjoyment from my Cactus collection that I decided to bring them all out and have their picture taken. You always send such nice plants, packed so safely. How they have grown!"

RUTH MOORE.

Vestal, New York.



#### RAINBOW CACTUS



#### POWDER BLUE CEREUS

Lemaireocereus pruinosus

A lovely blue-white species, charming during every stage of its growth. Grows rapidly and makes a most effective specimen. A fine plant for the beginner. Flowers pink. Likes a sandy loam soil, moderate waterings. Colors best in full sun but grows well in part shade. Handsome 2-3 inch specimens, part shade. 35c. Smaller

#### HEDGE HOG CEREUS

Echinocereus pentalophus

It hardly seems possible this small plant could produce such large and brilliant blossoms. The spiny finger-like stems grow in clusters and after a good Winter rest produce their 3-5 inch flowers in profusion. They will stand temperatures down to freezing or below and may be rested in a quite cool place. Branching, 35c. Smaller



# CEREUS and its ALLIES

NCLUDED in this large division of the Cactus Family are all the tall growing kinds, most of the climbing kinds, as well as many clustering and creeping varieties. Some of the giant Cerei tower upwards to almost 50 feet and weigh many tons, others are so tiny one's thumb dwarfs them. They are mostly found in the warmer regions from Arizona all the way down to Argentina. Cenerally they grow in brush or scrub forest land, though some grow in the most arid regions imaginable, as does Browningia. The flowers of some are gloriously beautiful, huge chalices sparkling in the morning sunlight. No one could ever forget the ethereal beauty of a Trichocereus, its gaunt arms stretched upward, wreathed in pearly whiteness. The climbing varieties, such as the Moon Cereus and Queen of the Night, often grow in the jungles, climbing in the trees, opening their chaste blossoms in the airy lofts high above the forest floor. The giant tree species grow in widely scattered groves, their tops the roosting place for vultures. Recently many new Cerei have been discovered and certainly many more may be expected. The cacti of South America are but little known botanically. All may be grown in your window garden.

CULTURE. The Cerei are at home in the window garden. Generally they have a well developed root system and take kindly to such care as you may give them. They like a good sandy soil, sun or part sun and moderate waterings. It is always best to use plenty of sand, as the common impulse to overwater

will not so surely result in losses. When plants are well established and roots are strong Cactus Food lightly applied three or four times during the Summer will keep the plants plump and green and induce them

#### **MOON CEREI**

Great favorites with their profusion of snow white blossoms and attractive crimson fruits. Kept in 5-6 inch pots and well fed during the Summer they rarely fail to flower abundantly. Will stand full Summer sun.

Eriocereus Bonplandii. A glorious free blooming plant. Blossoms huge, white; prodigious bloomer. One of my favorites. 10-12 inch, 75c. 3-4 inch. 25c

Eriocereus Martinii, See

page 36.

Pink Moon Cereus.

Eriocereus Regelii. Lovely pink blossoms. Free
blooming. 2-6 inches.

Eriocereus tortuosus. Handsome white flowers. Very spiny. Each......35c

#### **CHAMAECEREUS**

A very well known tiny growing group. Fine for be-ginners, as they will grow anywhere.

Peanut Cactus. Chamaecereus Sylvestrii. Grows very fast. Comes from Ar-gentina. Nice, 35c G..25c

Hybrid Peanut. Large orange flowers. Plant larger, 50c and ......35c



#### SCARLET BUGLER



#### IOSEPH'S COAT

Handsomely variegated with white, yellow, green and pink, this great favorite is easy to grow. Likes a porous loam, sun or partial shade, moderate waterings.

#### **CLEISTOCACTUS**

A group of slender tall growing cacti containing some of our most colorful and consistent blooming kinds. Flowers tubular, red.

Culture. Light sandy soil, moder-te waterings with sun or part shade.

Scarlet Bugler. See above....25c Cleistocactus cuzcoensis.....\$1 Cleistocactus Herzogianus....\$2 Cleistocactus Morawetzianus

Cleistocactus smaragdiflorus. Green-red flowers. Handsome...35

Cleistocactus tupizensis. Large to 12 inches. Each.....

# **HAAGEOCEREUS**

Rare fine genus from Peru. Brightly spined. Make magnificent specimens. Very sandy soil. Very moderate wat-erings. Sun.

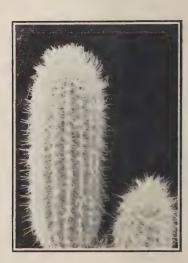
Haageocereus acranthus. Nice Haageocereus fragrans. New species ..... Haageocereus Olowinskianus. New species. Nice plants, 75c and 40c

#### WEBEROCEREUS

The plants of this genus are epiphytic, hanging in festoons from trees in Central American jungles. The branches are long, often thinner than a pencil. Flowers pink.

#### **GYMNANTHO-CEREUS**

A new cereus from Peru.
Tall, much branched G. chlorocarpus has pale green shallowly ridged stems. Spines moderately short, flowers orange, without spines or hairs. Flowering stems with few straggling brown bristles, Large, 6-8 inches, \$1.00.
Smaller 50c



#### GOLDEN OLD MAN CACTUS

A very fine Old Man Cactus with bright yellow spines. Flowering stems bear large woolly masses of sitky white hair. Cephalocereus chrysacanthus bears some hairs when young. The stems of older plants become quite blue. We have some fine young plants.



**OLD MAN CACTUS** Cephalocereus senilis

The long snowy-white hair of this venerable cactus makes it one of the most sought after. They are becoming ever more scarce, seed being practically unobtainable. This year I have some very fine white haired plants to offer. 35c



MOON CACTUS Eriocereus



CEREUS HYBRIDUS MONSTRUOSUS



PAPER SPINED OPUNTIA

Tephrocactus glomeratus



#### PERUVIAN OLD MAN CACTUS

This Old Man Cactus always attracts attention because of its venerable appearance. It differs from the Mexican kinds, having cottony white hair, and grows somewhat faster. Espostoa lanata grows in the Peruvian Andes. Thrives in sandy soil with moderate waterings. Nice specimens, 5-7 inches, \$1.50 each. Nice bright white specimens.



GRAFTED PEANUT CACTUS



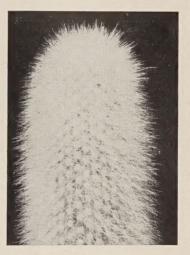
#### WILMATTEA

An interesting genus of climbing cacti from Guatemala. The flowers are quite fragrant and pink in color. Wilmattea minutiflora. **Ea...50c** 

#### **PACHYCEREUS**

25c

MEXICAN GIANT CEREUS. Pachycereus Pringlei. Very pretty when small. Grows to 40 feet tall. A grand specimen plant. 1½-inch.



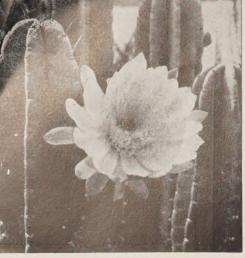
Cleistocactus Straussii

This lovely Cereus is an arresting plant with its white glossy columns clothed with silvery white spines sometimes tinged with red. It branches freely from the base to form a cluster of its tall columns. In Summer there are quantities of bright red tubular blossoms. It is very easy to grow, liking a light loamy soil with moderate waterings. Sun or part shade. Fine 6-8 inch plants, 50c. 4-5 inch, 35c.

Smaller, 1½-2 inch.

#### QUEEN OF THE NIGHT





#### DAYAMS TREE CACTUS

One of the best fruiting and flowering kinds. Bears big tomato-like half-pound fruits which are quite fragrant and delicious, the pulp crystalline white and sweet. Tree-like in habit, making a nice pot plant. Nice 8-10 inch, 75c. 25c 6-7 inch, 50c. Smaller 35c and



#### BRAZILIAN ROCK CACTUS

#### **THRIXANTHOCEREUS**

A very rare new genus with a fine white pseudocephalium. From Peru. Grows like the Silver Torch. Thrixanthocereus Blossfeldiorum grows well in sandy loam, sun, and moderate watering. Large, 6-8 in....\$2

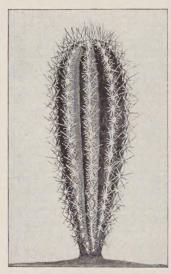
#### PRINCESS OF THE NIGHT

A glorious blossom and one of the largest in the cactus family! It is the most satisfactory and freest in bloom of this group. Selenicereus pteranthus grows rapidly and without special care, flowering during the Summer. Even small plants will bloom on matured stems. Likes a light sandy loam soil with moderate to generous waterings, sun or part shade. Large 3 to 4 feet flowering size, \$1.50. Smaller, \$1.00.





#### SNAKE CACTUS



## BRAZILIAN TORCH CACTUS

Cephalocereus arrabidae



## WOOLLY TORCH CACTUS

A handsome Old Man that at flowering time produces masses of long silky white hair. The plant body of Cephalocerus Palmeri becomes a beautifully powdered blue. Large blue mature rooted cuttings with hair, 9-12 inches, \$2.00. Nice 2-4 inch plants.

#### SETICEREUS

A rare new genus of columnar Cerei bearing a setaceous pseudocephalium in which the carmine flowers appear. They are related to Borzicactus. The only species was collected over 100 years ago by A. von Humboldt, Seticereus Humboltii. 3-5 inches, each....50c

#### CORRYOCACTUS

A genus of tall slender spiny Cerei from south Peru. Flowers apical, orange red. Plants branch from base. Recently new species were found. They are not well known,

Corryocactus brachypetalus. Very spiny. Flowers orange. 6-8 inch ......75c

#### WERKLEOCEREUS

Climbing night blooming cacti from Central America with 3-angled stems.

Werkleocereus glaber. Slender. Each .....50c Werkleocereus Tonduzii. Stout. Each .....\$1.00

#### WILCOXIA

There are several lovely species in this handsome free flowering genus. Stems slender, flowers various shades of pink. The roots are tuberous like a Dahlia. Our plants are all grafted, as they grow better thus.

Wilcoxia australis. Pale pink blossoms. A lovely quite small growing plant Each .....

Wilcoxia Poselgeri. Flowers large, brilliant cerise pink. Vigorous. Each.....75c

Wilcoxia Schmollii. Very handsome. Flowers pink. Hairy dark stems. Ea...75c

Wilcoxia senilis. Lambs Tail. See photo page 35.

Wilcoxia tamaulipensis. Almost black spines. Bright pink flowers. Each.......75c

Wilcoxia viperina. Very tall stems. Rosy red flowers. Each ......75c

#### LEPTOCEREUS

A rare genus from the West Indies. Plants are very spiny, the branches long and sharply angled. Collectors item.

Leptocereus Grantianus. Rare. Each ......75c Leptocereus quadricostatus. Rare. Each......753

#### ARMATOCEREUS

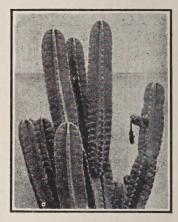
Tree-like Cerei, extremely spiny, much branched, to 10 feet tall. Rare.

Armatocereus matucanensis. Rare. Each......\$1.00

Armatocereus mocupensis. New species. Small plants. Each ......35c



#### CEREUS MILESSIMUS

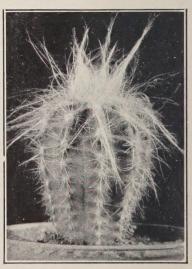


FLOWERING TREE CEREUS



PERUVOCEREU VIRIDIFLORUS

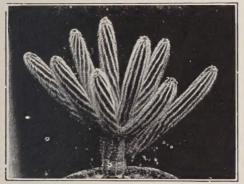
very pretty new species. Spines yellow.



OLD MAN OF THE ANDES



#### WHITE TORCH CACTUS



#### GRAFTED LAMBS TAIL

#### LEMAIREOCEREUS

A splendid group of tree cerei, often reaching a great size. Vigorous growers, liking a loam soil, moderate watering, sun or part shade.

Lemaireocereus Beneckii. Powdered white.

Very Lemaireocereus candelabrum. Very pretty small plants. Grows to 20 feet. Enormous. 25c Lemaireocereus Hollianus. Fine specimen plant. Nice plants, 6-8 in., 40c. 2-4 in... 25c Lemaireocereus humilis. Rare. 75c Lemaireocereus tetetzo. Rare. Small... 25c Lemaireocereus Weberi. Gigantic ... 25c

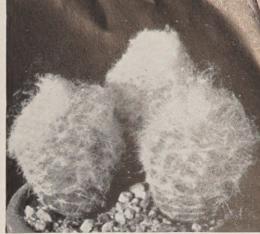


#### BLACK LAMBS TAIL

#### **CEPHALOCEREUS**

OLD MEN CACTI

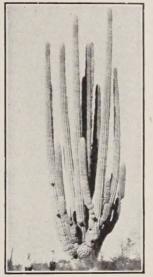
CEPHALOCEREUS POLYLOPHUS. Aztec Column. A rare specimen of grand proportions. Forms a real show plant. Nice, 1-2 inches....35c Cephalocereus Palmeri. See page 34. Cephalocereus pernambucensis



#### SNOW BALL CACTUS

We have a nice clean lot of this choicest of all the Old Men Cacti. The fine silky white hair entirely clothes the young plants so that they appear as puffs of white cotton. Pseudoespostoa melanostele grows near Lima, Peru. Grows easily, liking a quite sandy soil, very moderate waterings and a light sunny position. Some varieties have long yellow spines. Grows to 6 feet, branching from below.

30c



## At right

At right:

MORAWETZIA

Morawetzia Doelziana is a most curious and pretty white haired cactus. I saw it growing in Peru, forming small colonies, the stems to 14 inches tipped by a true cephalium from which the bright red flowers emerge. The plants grow easily in sandy soil, moderate waterings.

Nice, 5-6 inches, 50e.

Smaller.



#### TRICHOCEREUS

Glorious flowers are borne by almost all of these plants. They grow from a few inches to 25 feet tall, generally branching freely. South

Trichocereus chiloensis. Spiny, Rare...... Trichocereus cuzcoensis. Nice cuttings .75c

50c and

red Trichocereus Knuthianus. Large tree.

Trichocereus Schafferi. White cup. Each.

\$1.25

50c inches Fine. Trichocereus santiaguensis. 35 c Trichocereus strigosus. Small cluster form-

Trichocereus thelegonus. 6-8 inches, 75c. Smaller

At right:

American.

Culture. Vigorous rooting. Sandy loam, moderate waterings. Sunny location.

Trichocereus Bridgesii. Blue-green stems, freely clustering. Nice cuttings 10 inches. \$1.00

Trichocereus candicans. Small clump. Plants.

Trichocereus huascha rubra. Flowers shining

Trichocereus purpureopilosus. Small, woolly

## **OLD MAN CACTUS**

#### **HYLOCEREUS** NIGHT BLOOMING CEREI

A large flowered group of triangular stemmed climbing cacti. The huge 10-inch snowy white or cream blossom's open about 8 o'clock, closing in the morning. They like a sandy soil with some leafmold, watering generously, giving some shade.

|                                                                                      | Hylocereus undatus. Flow-<br>te and gold. Each75c |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Hylocereus costario Hylocereus extensis                                              | tus 75 c<br>censis 75 c<br>s 75 c                 |
| Hylocereus Lemaire<br>Hylocereus napoleo<br>Hylocereus ocampo<br>Hylocereus polyrhiz | nis75c                                            |





#### WHITE BOWER CACTUS

#### LOXANTHOCEREUS

A pretty group of small growing Cerei from Peru. Form small colonies with few stems. Flowers long, tubular and brightest scarlet. Very sandy soil, moderate watering, sunny location.

| Loxanthocereus | aureiflorus     | 35с |
|----------------|-----------------|-----|
| Loxanthocereus | aureisetosus    | 35с |
| Loxanthocereus | eriotrichus     | 35c |
| Loxanthocereus | Faustianus      | 35c |
| Loxanthocereus | ferruginispinus | 35c |
| Loxanthocereus | leucospinus     | 35с |
| Loxanthocereus | matucanensis    | 35с |
| Loxanthocereus | rhodoflorus     | 35с |
|                |                 |     |



#### NATIVE COMB

A giant Mexican Cereus. Very pretty, Indians use dried seed pods as combs, for which purpose they are very effective. Pachycereus pecten-aboriginum. 25c

#### PERUVIAN TORCH

The large flowering Tricho-





#### CEREUS

The Tree Cerei are vigorous, branched plants growing to 15 feet, with handsome white flowers and large tomato-like delicious fruits.

| Cereus | alacriportanus. 4-5 in., 35c; 2-in | .25c |
|--------|------------------------------------|------|
| Cereus | caesius. Giant 21/2-3 inch         | .35c |
| Cereus | Hildmannianus. 4-5 in., 35c; 2-in  | .25c |
| Cereus | horridus. 4-5 inch, 35c; 2-inch    | .25c |
| Cereus | Knuthianus. 4-5 in., 35c; 2-in     | .25c |
| Cereus | lepidotus. 4-5 in., 35c;in         | .25c |
| Cereus | Llanosii. 4-5 in., 35c; 2-in       | .25c |
|        | peruvianus. True. 4-5 in., 35c;    |      |
| inch   |                                    | .25c |



#### **DEVIL'S FINGER**

Echinocereus Berlandieri (Two-thirds natural size)



#### **SELENICEREUS** QUEEN OF THE NICHT

These spectacular beauties have the largest flowers in the cactus family, some reaching more than 14 inches across. They climb in the trees of the Central American jungles. Like a porous sandy loam, with some leafmold, and to be well watered in the Summer. Partial shade.

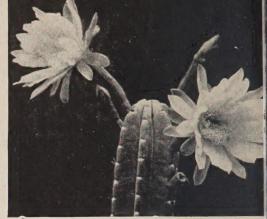
| Selenicereus | Donkelaari | 75c |
|--------------|------------|-----|
| Selenicereus | hamatus    | 75c |
| Selenicereus | Maxonii    | 75c |
|              | Murillii   |     |
| Selenicereus | Urbanianus | 75c |
| Selenicereus | Werklei    | 75c |
| Selenicereus | vagans     | 75c |

At left:

#### MOON CEREUS

Eriocereus Martinii

Everyone enjoys this splendid flowering Cereus. The chaste white blossoms are followed by crimson fruits that last for months. The plant pictured had over 100 flowers open. Enjoys a rich sandy loam, moderate waterings, full sun or partial shade. Will stand considerable cold. In Summer feed Cactus Food. 10-inch plants, 75c; Smaller, 5-6 inch, 35c; 25c



#### PERUVIAN APPLE

Cereus peruvianus hybridus



#### ORGAN PIPE CACTUS



#### BEAVER TAIL